

# SNIA Storage Network Foundations (S10-101) Exam Description & Preparation Guide

The SNIA Storage Network Foundations (S10-101) exam will certify that the successful candidate has knowledge of general storage networking concepts, components and basic ability to work on a storage network implementation team.

#### Test Parameters

- ✓ The delivery channel for this test is the Prometric testing centers worldwide.
- ✓ The exam format is multiple-choice with multiple-responses where appropriate and noted.
- ✓ The maximum testing time allowed for the exam is 90 minutes and 15 additional minutes for a survey that precedes the actual exam.
- ✓ Reference materials or other tools will not be allowed nor made available to the client at the testing center.
- ✓ The exam language is currently English.

# Prerequisite Exam

✓ None

Passing Score: 70%

Number of Exam Items: 73

#### Requirements (Experience and Training)

- Experience in IT and/or storage networking operations
- ❖ Advanced computer skills and knowledge in at least one operating system
- ❖ An understanding of the overall storage networking concepts
- ❖ Ability to explain and recognize key storage networking components and technologies
- ❖ A familiarity with storage networking products and solutions
- ❖ A familiarity with standard configuration tools
- ❖ Ability to describe storage network backup, recovery, and business continuance
- ❖ Technical skills as a team member to implement storage network solutions

# SNIA Storage Network Foundations Exam - Topics to Study

Please note there will NOT be exam items corresponding to EVERY topic. However, the exam items will be drawn from this blueprint and study material. If numbers are skipped or appear missing, this is intentional. We are only showing information relevant to this exam.

# 1. Explain and recognize basic Storage Networking Technology Components and Concepts (40%)

- 1.1 Describe Networking Concepts vs. Storage Concepts
  - ✓ Define protocols and infrastructures commonly used for DAS, SAN, NAS architectures
  - ✓ Differentiate session vs connection vs link
  - ✓ Differentiate names vs addresses
  - ✓ Differentiate payload integrity and error recovery approaches
  - ✓ Define full duplex vs half duplex
- 1.2 Review Networking Concepts
  - ✓ Define the difference between the function of a router vs switch
  - ✓ Describe the technical advantages of SAN over DAS (e.g., consolidation, scalability, reliability, serviceability)
  - ✓ Describe flow control (credit-based vs retrospective)
  - ✓ Define bit rate vs bandwidth vs throughput
  - ✓ Describe the functional differences of infrastructure components (e.g. storage router, bridge, gateway, director, switch)
  - ✓ Define data structures (e.g., message, segment, packet, frame)
  - ✓ Define segmentation and fragmentation
- 1.3 Define the differences in disk technologies
  - ✓ Define fragmentation/defragmentation (symptoms, sequential/random, value)
  - ✓ Determine the differences between ATA and SCSI upper layer protocols
  - ✓ Identify the differences among ATA/SATA, SCSI, iSCSI, FC, Infiniband, SAS
  - ✓ Define protocols and infrastructures commonly used
  - ✓ Identify industry-based connectors
  - ✓ Identify symbology of industry-standard connectors
  - ✓ Describe the use of printers and scanners as Storage devices
  - ✓ Describe half duplex and full duplex transport protocols
- 1.4 Describe features of Disk Controllers (cache, protection)
- 1.5 Compare and contrast the electrical and mechanical differences in entry-level, mid-range and enterprise disk drives
- 1.6 Compare and contrast how the disk technologies of Fibre Channel, ATA, SATA, SCSI, and SAS operate
  - ✓ Describe differences between serial and parallel approaches (e.g. connectivity, distances, and configurations)
    - o Define serial approaches (SATA, SAS, FC, Ethernet)
- 1.7 Define RAID technology (e.g., levels)
  - ✓ Describe technical characteristics of host-based RAID vs non-host based RAID.
  - ✓ Describe RAID levels commonly used for data protection and trade-offs relative to performance (e.g., common RAID levels)
- 1.8 Describe SCSI technology
  - ✓ Define the structure of SCSI standards
    - o Describe SCSI-3 architecture model
  - ✓ Identify SCSI I\_T\_L\_Q Nexus addressing concepts
  - ✓ Define SCSI command protocol
  - ✓ Describe QUEUEing concepts

- 1.9 Explain iSCSI
  - ✓ Define iSCSI in its relation to the protocol stack
  - ✓ Compare and contrast iSCSI and NAS (i.e., block level vs file level)
  - ✓ Identify concepts of gateways to existing SAN infrastructures
  - ✓ Define Ethernet oversubscription
  - ✓ Define FCIP and long distance fabric links
- 1.10 Describe HBA/NIC technology
  - ✓ Explain partial toe, full toe, non-toe for iSCSI
    - Differentiate between using non-dedicated non-TOE iSCSI initiator vs. a non-dedicated full-TOE initiator
  - ✓ Describe the impact of single-ported and multi-ported HBAs on performance and availability
  - ✓ Describe the impact of software/firmware/drivers on HBA performance/interoperability/availability
- 1.11 Describe Fibre Channel (FC) SAN
  - ✓ Define characteristics of Fibre Channel that make it appropriate for SAN implementation (e.g., distances, topologies, media types, fabric, services)
  - ✓ Define the distance and speeds available in FC SAN (e.g., distance, 1/2/4/10 Gb speed)
  - ✓ Describe topologies and the connectivity implied (e.g., point-to-point, arbitrated loop, switched fabric)
  - ✓ Describe FC protocol layers
  - ✓ Describe FC classes of service
  - ✓ Describe FC addressing
  - ✓ Define the function of Fabric services in Fibre Channel (e.g., name service, directory, security, zoning, time)
  - ✓ Describe Fabric enabled technologies (e.g authentication, file sharing, replication, extention, FAIS, security)
  - ✓ Identify fabric extension technologies (e.g., FCIP, iFCP, WAN, CWDM, DWDM)
- 1.12 Describe Array Technology/Virtualization
  - ✓ Define array as a collection of disks with controller(s)
  - ✓ Define Storage Virtualization (e.g., abstraction, transparency, taxonomy)
  - ✓ Identify technical advantages and disadvantages of Virtualization (both application and physical levels)
  - ✓ Define Storage Virtualization Taxonomy elements (i.e., Block, Disk, Tape, File System, File/Record)
  - ✓ Describe LUN Mapping (UNIX vs Linux vs MS Windows)
- 1.13 Define SAS technology
  - ✓ Define common SAS link speeds
  - ✓ Describe SAS narrow vs wide ports
  - ✓ List the SAS protocols (SMP, SSP, STP)
  - ✓ Define a SAS expander
  - ✓ Describe SAS support for SATA devices (e.g., connectors, STP)
- 1.14 Define SATA technology
  - ✓ Define a SATA port multiplier
  - ✓ Define SATA link speeds and distances
- 1.15 Describe NAS concepts (e.g., filing, components, O/S)
  - ✓ Identify technical advantages and disadvantages of NAS technology
  - ✓ Define NAS OS characteristics
  - ✓ Define NAS Gateway or NAS Head approaches
  - ✓ Identify NAS backup and recovery risks

- 1.16 Describe the SNIA Shared Storage Model
  - ✓ Identify the layers and components of each layer
  - ✓ Describe block aggregation

#### 2. Perform Storage Networking Administration (10%)

- 2.1 Identify HBA configuration parameters
- 2.2 Define troubleshooting methodologies and tools
  - ✓ Isolate faults and conditions (e.g., volumes of disks not visible, multipathing not functional, disk corruption)
- 2.3 Identify the distance limitations between long-wave and short-wave Fibre
- 2.4 Create/modify zone sets
  - ✓ Describe best practices for zoning
- 2.5 Identify the possible zoning conflicts that could cause fabric segmentation
- 2.6 Identify tradeoffs in costs, scalability, and redundancy
  - ✓ Identify implications and decision points
- 2.7 Create storage layouts using partitioning, protected data, security as criteria
  - ✓ Identify the use of partitioning, protected data, security
- 2.8 Define and compare uses of connectivity protocols

## 3. Manage Storage Networks (10%)

- 3.1 Describe storage management components
  - ✓ Define capacity, configuration, LDM, Storage Network Managers, Device Managers
  - ✓ Define Reporting, Analysis, Monitoring, SRM, Error Statistic Analysis
- 3.2 Determine port assignments
- 3.3 Define and compare Storage Device Management to Storage Network Management
  - ✓ Discriminate between the components, characteristics and functions
- 3.4 Describe Configuration Management Elements
  - ✓ Define Host (HBA, Device, File System), Fabric (zones, zone sets, ISLs, LSAN/VSAN) IP Storage (Network, LSAN/VLAN), Storage (Disk, Array, Tape, Other)
  - ✓ Open Systems Storage Management (Path Managers, HBA, File System, Cache, LUNs, Zoning, Masking/Mapping)
  - ✓ Define Virtual HBA (e.g., iSCSI, VN\_PORT)
  - ✓ Define Virtual OS technology concepts (e.g., virtualized host)
- 3.5 Describe requirements or modifications needed to implement SMI-S based storage management
  - ✓ Define the "client" and the "provider" in the SMI-S process model
- 3.9 Apply Data Management Concepts
  - ✓ Define Data Management Concepts (e.g. Backup Recovery, Information Life Cycle, tiered data usage model)
  - ✓ Compare backup techniques (e.g., Network, LAN-free, Snapshot, Application Server-free, Server-free, NDMP, backup to disk, replication, CDP)
  - ✓ Differentiate among backup methodologies as they relate to Scalability, Manageability, Performance and common pitfalls (e.g., shoe shining, time consistent databases)
  - √ Identify how policy-based management can be a technical advantage
  - ✓ Describe the use of replication technology to migrate data for specific application changes
  - ✓ Identify risks associated with Virtualization techniques (e.g., CoW Snapshot dependence on the source consistency)

- 3.10 Describe Change Management Process (ITIL) (Applied Fibre Channel Protocol)
- 3.15 Identify common blocking problems to fabric merges (e.g., duplicate domains, zone conflicts, incompatible switch setting)
- 3.18 Identify ISL technical advantages and disadvantages over-subscription
- 3.19 Identify the distance limitations between long-wave and shortwave Fibre

### 4. Perform Storage Networking Backup and Recovery (13%)

- 4.1 Define Backup and Recovery Technologies (e.g., tape, tape components, D2D, D2D2Tape, Optical, 3PC)
- 4.2 Describe the differences between virtual tape libraries (VTL) and disk to disk (D2D)
- 4.3 Compare backup approaches (i.e., differential vs. incremental, SNAPshot, Backup vs. Disaster Recovery
  - ✓ Describe performance and compression/compaction of the different approaches
- 4.4 Identify steps to restore data from backup
  - ✓ Describe a restore from cumulative differential, perpetual differential and full back-up
- 4.5 Identify methods in using high availability and disaster recovery in a SAN infrastructure
- 4.6 Identify the role of infrastructure resolution in backup recovery and disaster
- 4.7 Describe the different back-up and restore configurations
  - Describe the technical advantages and disadvantages of each configuration (i.e., performance)
  - ✓ Identify external requirements that are uniquely satisfied by serverless backup or thirdparty copy
- 4.8 Analyze potential backup problems (e.g., open file, out of space, virus scanner)
- 4.9 Identify steps to track error logs within the operating system for backup and recovery messages
  - ✓ Locate error messages, etc.
- 4.10 Determine components that must be in place to do a back-up and operational recovery of a database
- 4.11 Define Data Security
  - ✓ Authentication
  - √ Key Management
  - ✓ Encryption
  - ✓ Data Destruction
- 4.13 Describe the purpose of securing fabric

#### 5. Implement Storage Networks (12%)

- 5.1 Differentiate SAS/SATA implementation parameters
  - ✓ Identify the configuration characteristics of SAS/SATA
  - ✓ Identify compatibility characteristics of SAS/SATA
  - ✓ Identify the performance (capacity, speed, etc.) characteristics of SAS/SATA
- 5.2 Define the differences between PCI-X and PCI-e
- 5.4 Identify the RAID levels and implementation (e.g., hardware, software, host-based)
  - ✓ Describe technical benefits and limitations of the different RAID levels
- 5.5 Differentiate Fibre Channel (FC) implementation parameters
  - ✓ Identify industry-known port names

- 5.7 Using Switch Technology
  - ✓ Identify Core/Edge, Cascaded and Mesh designs
  - √ Identify the causes of a zone merge failure
  - ✓ Define hard zones, soft zones, overlapping zones, port zoning, www name zoning
  - ✓ Identify the subscription rate for a sample fabric (e.g., ISL oversubscription)
  - ✓ Identify concepts of fan-in and fan-out ratios
  - ✓ Define the dual independent fabric concepts and technical benefits (e.g., process for keeping them independent)
  - ✓ Define multipathing (e.g., NIC teaming vs. MPxIO/MPIO)
- 5.8 Using HBA technology
- 5.9 Implementing Virtualization
  - ✓ Describe the technical advantage of LUN masking over zoning
  - ✓ Describe the technical advantages of using both LUN masking & zoning concurrently
  - ✓ Describe how VSAN/LSAN is implemented
- 5.11 ecognize the concept of virtualized host technology
- 5.12 Implementing NAS
  - ✓ Share, use, mount resources
  - ✓ Differentiate between NFS and CIFS (i.e., stateful/stateless)
  - ✓ NDMP
- 5.13 Describe requirements or modifications needed to implement SMI-S based storage management

### Provide Storage Networking Business Continuance (15%)

- 6.1 Define Continuous Data Protection
  - ✓ Define Consolidation and Capacity Utilization
  - ✓ Define technical Administrative benefits
  - ✓ Define clustering and Failover
  - ✓ Define Data Protection (RAID)
  - ✓ Define high availability (host, fabric, and storage)
- 6.2 Identify or modify business case for implementation of Continuity Management
  - ✓ Define levels of Disaster Recovery
  - ✓ Define tiered storage
  - ✓ Define compliance
  - ✓ Define security (e.g. encrypt, authenticate)
- 6.3 Describe archiving/nearline
  - ✓ Define Content Addressable Storage (CAS) (e.g., hand offs)

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