



# **Storage Developers, *It is Time to Adopt XAM***

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## Storage Developers and XAM

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## Executive Summary

XAM is a standard, open-source application to storage interface for file sharing similar to CIFS<sup>1</sup> on Microsoft platforms and NFS on Unix-like systems. But, unlike file sharing protocols, XAM also gives applications and storage systems an expanded metadata container, enabling powerful information and retention management capabilities. Expanded metadata is the key for improved information management in today's complex and litigious information-centric world. Today's datacenter will soon be an operating environment in which metadata needs to be controlled at the same level as the data. This means both have to be retained, deleted, protected, secured, shared, and preserved as a unit along with associated audit logs to verify authenticity of information and to mitigate risk. The need for these capabilities is amplified in domains that have to retain and preserve information assets for either legal purposes (as in eDiscovery, litigation support, or for litigation holds)

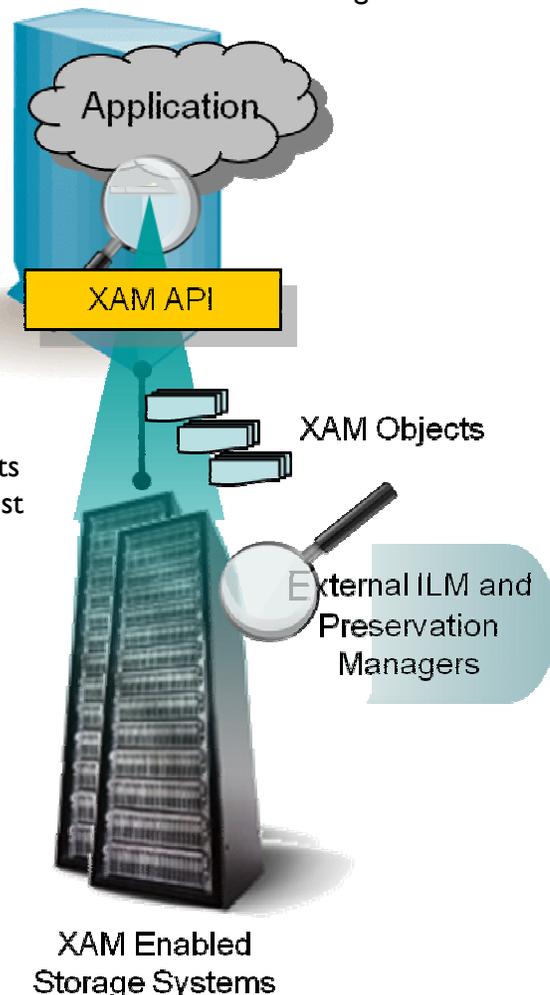
*“The XAM API enables businesses to enhance custom applications and easily realize a new paradigm in information management and operations.”*

or for extended periods (as in regulatory compliance or for archival purposes). Going forward, retention and preservation services in the datacenter will require the extended metadata that only a metadata container like XAM's accommodates. This means that XAM is strategic to storage systems because of the strong need to empower the business' retention and information management practices. Consequently, storage vendors that support and enable XAM and enhanced information management and data services will have a market advantage.

To illustrate this point, just look forward a few years. Today's metadata services are inadequate in scope, scale, capabilities, support, and portability for future requirements and will have to change. New paradigms such as these must be supported:

- The need for secure information portability for important programs such as the Electronic Health Records, EHR, system that envisions centralized and shared medical records accessible, confidential, and preserved for 15 years or more.
- The need for expanded metadata carrying business and application requirements that enable automated information and retention

Figure 1



<sup>1</sup> CIFS: Common Internet File System, NFS: Network File System

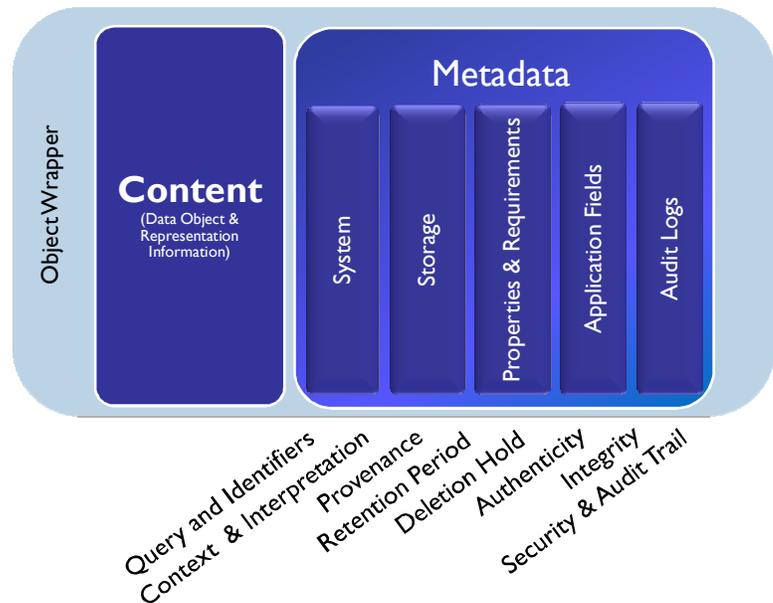


management practices across the datacenter and the organization.

- The need for protection of the authenticity of information throughout its lifecycle for compliance and litigation support. Expanded metadata will become critical in verifying the authenticity of evidence.
- The need for contextual search and discovery practices that include the metadata associated with specific data.
- In the efforts to increase confidence in cloud-based storage services, portable information objects with enhanced security and metadata will provide a strategic solution better than file or block based approaches.

Figure 2

## XAM and Metadata



### What is XAM?

For those of you not familiar with XAM, it is implemented at the application level as an API similar to block file system APIs. The analogy of a file sharing system similar to CIFS/NFS is appropriate, but it is better described as an application to storage interface and access method<sup>2</sup>. The two key places that XAM is different from a file system are these:

1. XAM abstracts the access method from the storage, a capability necessary to create location independence, policy-based automation, and portability.
2. Physically, XAM wraps the data into what is called an "XSet," similar to an XML wrapper. The data or files as they are written to storage are placed into an information object with rich metadata fields incorporated into the object as illustrated in Figure 2. These expanded metadata fields are able to accommodate various metadata standards and application specific requirements necessary for retention and information management services in any environment.

*"XAM allows us to develop long-term retention solutions around standards. The fact that XAM opens up the ability to "find" objects, "transform" or "version" them within storage pools, as well as move objects between storage pools independent of the application is a huge win."*

*Mark Sassure, Penn State Univ.*

<sup>2</sup> Thus the name, eXtensible Access Method (XAM)



### Why Adopt XAM?

As a storage developer, XAM provides differentiation, partnering opportunities, plus operating cost reductions and capabilities consistent with expanding information management requirements and customer needs. For example, through XAM's expanded metadata fields, applications and storage systems can integrate value-add compliance, preservation, eDiscovery, risk management, or retention and information lifecycle management features. The following examples expand these points:

### XAM Value Propositions for Storage Developers

- **Differentiation and Market Expansion:**
  - Enable application partners to bring valuable new information and retention management functionality into their markets by taking advantage of XAM's expanded metadata. As the enabler, storage companies achieve a strategic relationship and will be pulled into the market by the application.
- **Enable New Functionality:**
  - Migration: XAM provides the basic functionality of a preservation object, providing the ability to control authenticity and integrity through logical and physical migration processes. These services are essential for long-term retention and preservation.
  - Regulatory Compliance: Improve, simplify, and cost reduce records retention practices due to integrated retention and disposition metadata.
  - Retention and Deletion Management: Each XAM object carries its own retention period and disposition metadata supporting automation.
  - eDiscovery: XAM allows data and metadata to be searched allowing objects to be better discovered for litigation review. Application-independent structured discovery avoids the impact of application obsolescence.
  - Litigation Support: Improved verification and control of authenticity, improved and cost reduced ability to preserve information and control litigation holds.
  - Security and Legal Risk: Reduced exposure due to improved retention management including litigation holds and deletion practices supported by expanded metadata.
  - Electronic Health Records: XAM provides secure information portability, supporting centralization and interoperability for the sharing and preservation of records over their extended lifecycles.
  - Digital Libraries and Preservation Stores: XAM based objects meet many of the criteria needed for a preservation object and support typical preservation services that need expanded metadata.
  - Cloud Storage Services: XAM is cloud friendly and can be mapped over cloud interfaces such as SNIA's Cloud Data Management Interface (CDMI) to provide a full and rich metadata container that supports enhanced information portability and control. Retention

*“As metadata becomes more critical in compliance and litigation support, so does XAM. As preservation practices become more important for litigation support, compliance, health care, or even protecting our digital history, so does XAM. Looking to the future, it is all about the metadata and our ability to use it effectively!”*



periods, secure information sharing, and verification of integrity and authenticity are good examples of types of services that need to map into the cloud.

- **Meet Customer Needs:**
  - Help customers improve operating efficiencies and reduce cost and risk as a preferred storage platform that utilizes XAM and provides the associated management functionality.
  - Provide innovative solutions for compliance, litigation support, retention management, and risk reduction.

### What Will Help XAM Adoption Move Ahead Faster?

As with any new and similar technology, broad market adoption requires time for demand to develop. XAM adoption requires that application developers see benefit in using XAM for differentiation and value-add information management features. Similarly, storage system developers need to see benefit in supporting XAM to become preferred partners with the application developers as well as for differentiation. And finally, IT and Legal need to begin asking their vendors for this functionality because they need it to better manage risk and control costs.

XAM is in early stages of market adoption. While XAM activity within SNIA is 5 years old now, the specification was just released in July of 2008 and is now in standardization through ANSI (expected completion in 2010). Standards like this typically take 6 to 8 years for market adoption to move through the early adopter phase. That said, there are many examples of XAM adoption picking up in the marketplace as the importance of the drivers and the strength of the value proposition elevate the strategic importance of XAM.

### How to get started using XAM

Today, there is a growing community of experienced developers around XAM and a growing number of development resources available. Here is a listing of what is available to XAM developers:

- Download the current specification and the supporting technical documents from links at (<http://www.snia.org/forums/xam/technology>)
  - XAM Part 1: Architecture – The starting point and reference for storage vendors creating vendor interface modules (VIMs) and application developers writing APIs.
  - XAM Part 2: C API – a reference document for ‘C-based’ application development.
  - XAM Part 3: JAVA API - a reference document for ‘JAVA-based’ application development.
- Download the software developer’s kit, SDK, and some of the sample applications. The SDK also contains many supporting documents. (<http://www.snia.org/forums/xam/technology/software/>)
- Participate in the developer’s community where you can get access to a number of SNIA experts for assistance as well as download resources that will help you –

*“XAM is a new kind of interface to storage that, for the first time, includes a standard for extensive metadata that can be interpreted by data services in the storage device. Prior to this, all vendor interfaces for this type of storage were proprietary, which limited the market for these types of devices.”*



(<http://groups.google.com/group/xam-developers-group>)

- Participate in the XAM Plugfests to see how others are implementing XAM and to test your own code ([http://www.snia.org/forums/xam/news/plugfest\\_reg](http://www.snia.org/forums/xam/news/plugfest_reg))
- Talk with your favorite storage vendors to evaluate their implementations, test yours, and to encourage others to support XAM

### Recommendations

SNIA is working to enable and promote XAM or XAM-like functionality to be adopted by the industry. Expanded metadata containers must come to market to meet the types of requirements identified in this paper. For example, today in the long-term retention and digital library community, a standards-based preservation object is something the industry really needs. In the Health Care Industry, centralized, secure, and accessible medical records are a vision that will not succeed without portable information objects supporting preservation services. Without XAM, the market only has proprietary storage access models and continued information silos, no interoperability, no information portability, no ability to scale discovery with context, no ability to automate information management, and no ability to broadly verify and control authenticity. If the future unfolds as expected, XAM's functionality is essential.

Of all the options on the table, XAM remains the best and only interoperable choice. It is our recommendation that you evaluate it and begin implementation in environments requiring these attributes and storage interoperability. The differentiation XAM enables can be strategic to your business.



### About the XAM Initiative

The core mission of the XAM Initiative is to drive adoption of the eXensible Access Method (XAM) specification. The Initiative serves a XAM community that includes storage vendors, independent software vendors, and end users to ensure that the specification fulfills market needs for a reference information management interface standard. For more information, visit [www.snia.org/forums/xam](http://www.snia.org/forums/xam) or participate in our open online community – (<http://groups.google.com/group/xam-developers-group>)

### About the Storage Networking Industry Association:

The Storage Networking Industry Association (SNIA) is a not-for-profit global organization, made up of some 400 member companies spanning virtually the entire storage industry. SNIA's mission is to lead the storage industry worldwide in developing and promoting standards, technologies, and educational services to empower organizations in the management of information. To this end, the SNIA is uniquely committed to delivering standards, education, and services that will propel open storage networking solutions into the broader market. For additional information, visit the SNIA web site at [www.snia.org](http://www.snia.org)