ANALYTICS BIG DATA SUMMIT

EXPERT BIOSYSTEMS

A Bioinformatics Research & Consulting Group

# From Terabytes to Exabytes, A paradigm Shift in Big Data Modeling, Analytics and Storage management for Healthcare and Life Sciences Organizations


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# Before we start: About me

- Ali Eghlima
- Expert BioSystems, EVP, and Director of Bioinformatics
- Data Scientist, Software/System/Solution Architect
- Five Years as Sr. Principal Engineer at Raytheon
  - Leading R&D Projects in Enterprise Architecture, Cyber Security, “Huge” Big Data Analytics, Real-Time Distributed Big Data Collection and Analysis
- 20-years Career as Senior Consulting Engineer at DEC, Compaq, and HP
- Primary Technical Expertise –
  - Big Data Analytics, Real-time Distributed Computing, High Availability, Cyber Security, Cluster and Cloud Technology, High Performance Computing, Numerical Analysis
- Pioneer and Advocate in Cluster & Cloud Computing
- Ph.D  from RPI, MS and Engineering degrees from MIT

# Agenda

- Characteristics of Healthcare & life sciences data
- Review, Data integrity/Privacy/Cyber Security concerns of major healthcare/research Centers
- Review current technology, and common systems architecture used for Big Data Analytics in Health Sciences vs other industries.
- Issues, challenges and potential solutions for real-time and archived data storage managements
- Present scalable open source computing platform to manage Exabyte class datasets
- Concluding Remarks

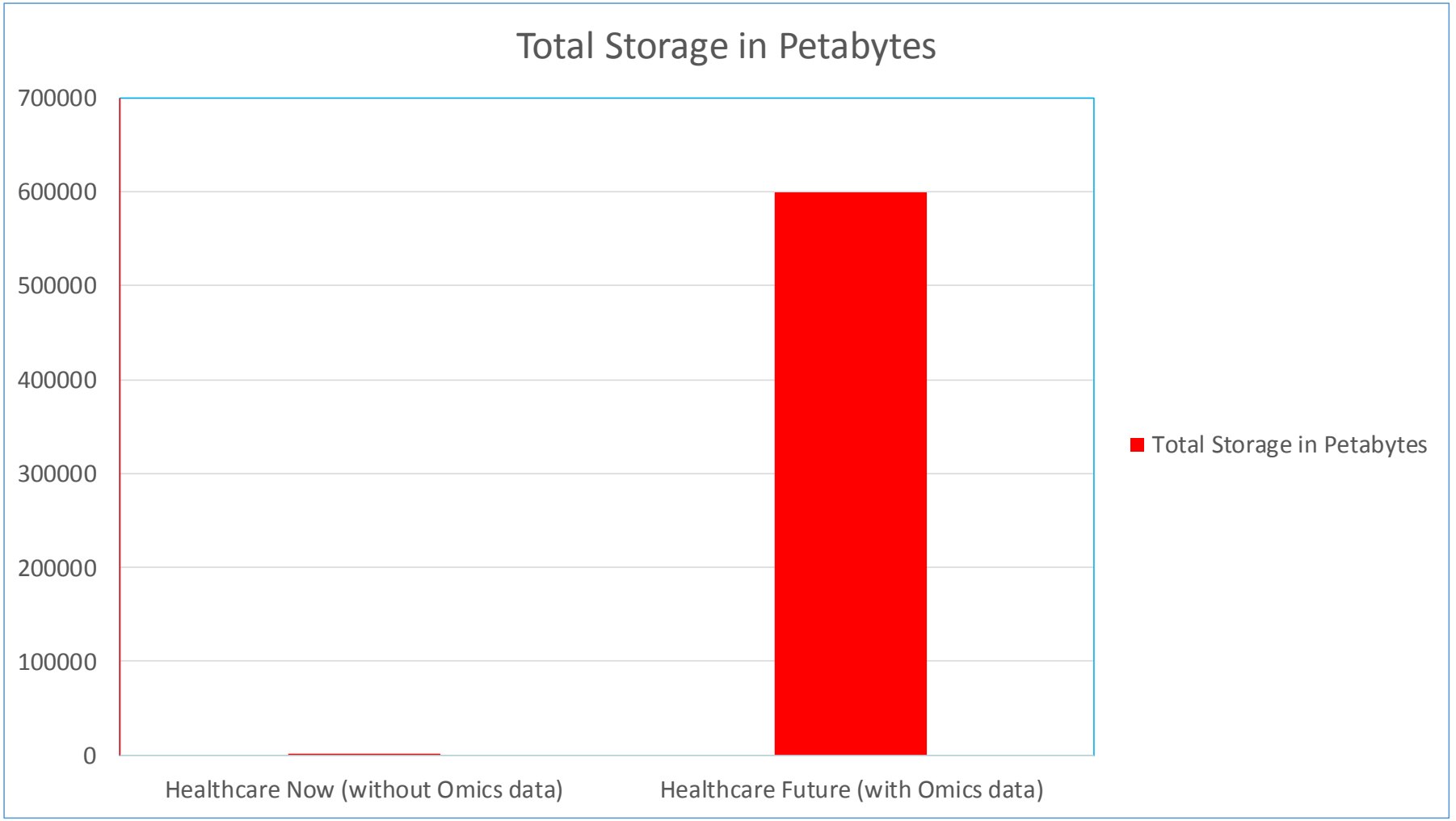
# Characteristics of Healthcare Data vs Other Data

- Almost permanent
- It is being owned by individual
- Data ownership after individual death is unknown ( offspring, siblings, other family members)

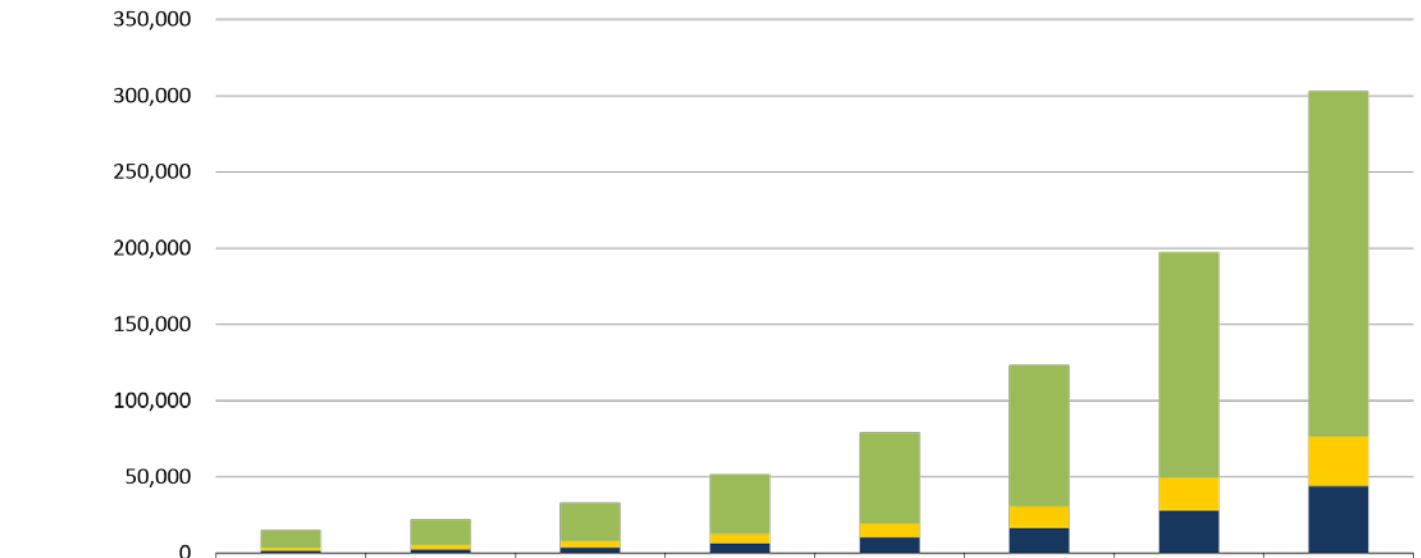
# Example: Storage/Dataset Size Health Sciences vs Other Industries

- Financial
  - Number of Accounts – From 10000 to 300 Millions
  - Storage per Account - ~Gigs or less
  - Total Storage – From ~Tens of Terabytes to ~300 Petabytes
- Healthcare
  - Number of Patients – From 10000 to 300 Millions
  - Storage per Patient – From ~Gigabytes Today to ~ Many Terabytes in future
  - Total Storage – From ~ 20 Petabytes to ~600 Exabyte

# Example: Storage/Dataset Size Healthcare: Now vs. Future



# Total Archived Capacity




| | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Unstructured | 11,430 | 16,737 | 25,127 | 39,237 | 59,600 | 92,536 | 147,885 | 226,716 |
| Database | 1,952 | 2,782 | 4,065 | 6,179 | 9,140 | 13,824 | 21,532 | 32,188 |
| E-mail | 1,652 | 2,552 | 4,025 | 6,575 | 10,411 | 16,796 | 27,817 | 44,091 |

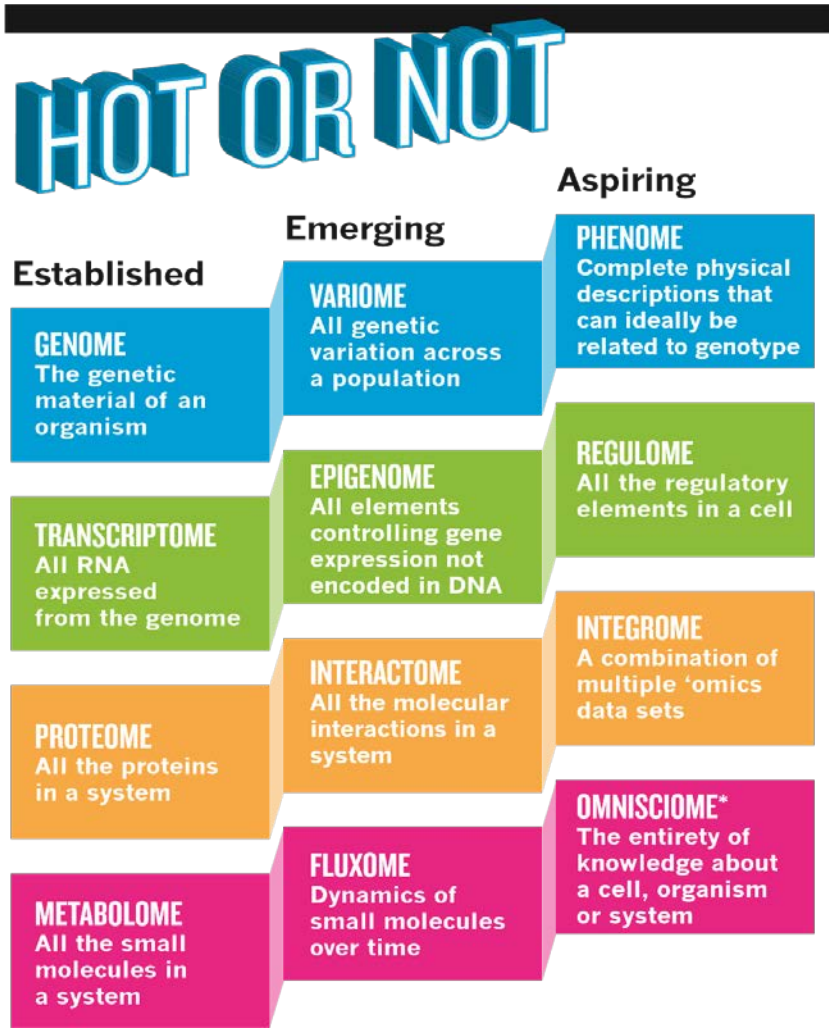
*Source: Enterprise Strategy Group, 2010.*

**Total Archived Capacity, by Content Type, Worldwide, 2008-2015 (Petabytes)**

# It is not just genomic data

**Nature – 494**
**February 2013**

**Big biology: The ’omes puzzle**
Where once there was the genome, now there are thousands of ’omes. *Nature* goes in search of the ones that matter.



# Data integrity/Privacy/Cyber Security concerns of major healthcare/research Centers

# Theft of Healthcare Identity Data Consequences

- Medical services, devices and prescription drugs
- Physician information to create fake prescriptions and then resell the medicine online.
- File false claims to insurance companies and government agencies

# Theft of Healthcare Identity Data Value

- Credit Card info $1
- Personal Identification Information (PII) for $10-$12
- Patient Records for $50

Source:
1 - Medical Identity Fraud Alliance, “The Growing Threat of Medical Identity Fraud: A Call To Action,” July 2013, accessed at http://medidfraud.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/07/MIFA-Growing-Threat-07232013.pdf.
2 - David Carr, “Healthcare Data Breaches to Surge in 2014,” InformationWeek Healthcare, Dec. 26, 2013, accessed at http://www.informationweek.com/healthcare/policy-and-regulation/healthcaredata-breaches-to-surge-in-2014/d/d-id/1113259.

# Theft of Healthcare Identity Data is Growing

- 2010 – 1.42 Million
- 2011 – 1.49 Million
- 2012 – 1.85 Million

Source:
**Ponemon Institute**, “Fourth Annual Benchmark Study on Patient Privacy and Data Security,” March 2014, accessed at http://lpa.idexpertscorp.com/acton/attachment/6200/f-012c/1/-/-/-/-/ID%20Experts%204th%20Annual%20Patient%20Privacy%20%26%20Data%20Security%20Report%20FINAL%20%281%29.pdf

# Healthcare Data Security Threat
## (reported by healthcare provider)

- **Employee negligence**
- **Unsecured mobile devices**
- **Security gaps with business associates**
- **Evolving criminal threats**
- **New vulnerabilities under the Affordable Care Act**

Survey participants had strong reservations about the security of Health Information Exchanges (HIEs): **A third** said they don't plan to participate in HIEs because they are not confident enough in the security and privacy of patient data shared on the exchanges

http://www2.idexpertscorp.com/ponemon-report-on-patient-privacy-data-security-incidents/

# Technology, and Common Systems Architecture used for Big Data Analytics in Health Sciences vs other industries

# Cloud Computing ?

- Private
- Public
- Community

# Private cloud ?

## From Webopedia

- *Private cloud* is the phrase used to describe a cloud computing platform that is implemented within the corporate firewall, under the control of the IT department.
- A private cloud is designed to offer the same features and benefits of public cloud systems, but removes a number of objections to the cloud computing model including control over enterprise and customer data, worries about security, and issues connected to regulatory compliance.

# Cloud or Public cloud

- **Network Cloud**

  In telecommunications, a cloud refers to a public or semi-public space on transmission lines (such as T1 or T3) that exists between the end points of a transmission

- **Cloud Computing**

  Cloud computing is a type of computing that relies on *sharing computing resources* rather than having local servers

  - **Consumer -** **S**oftware **a**s **a S**ervice (**SaaS**)
  - **Developers and Architects** – **P**latform **a**s **a** Service (**PaaS**)
  - **IT Pros and system administrators** - **I**nfrastructure **a**s **a S**ervice (**IaaS**)

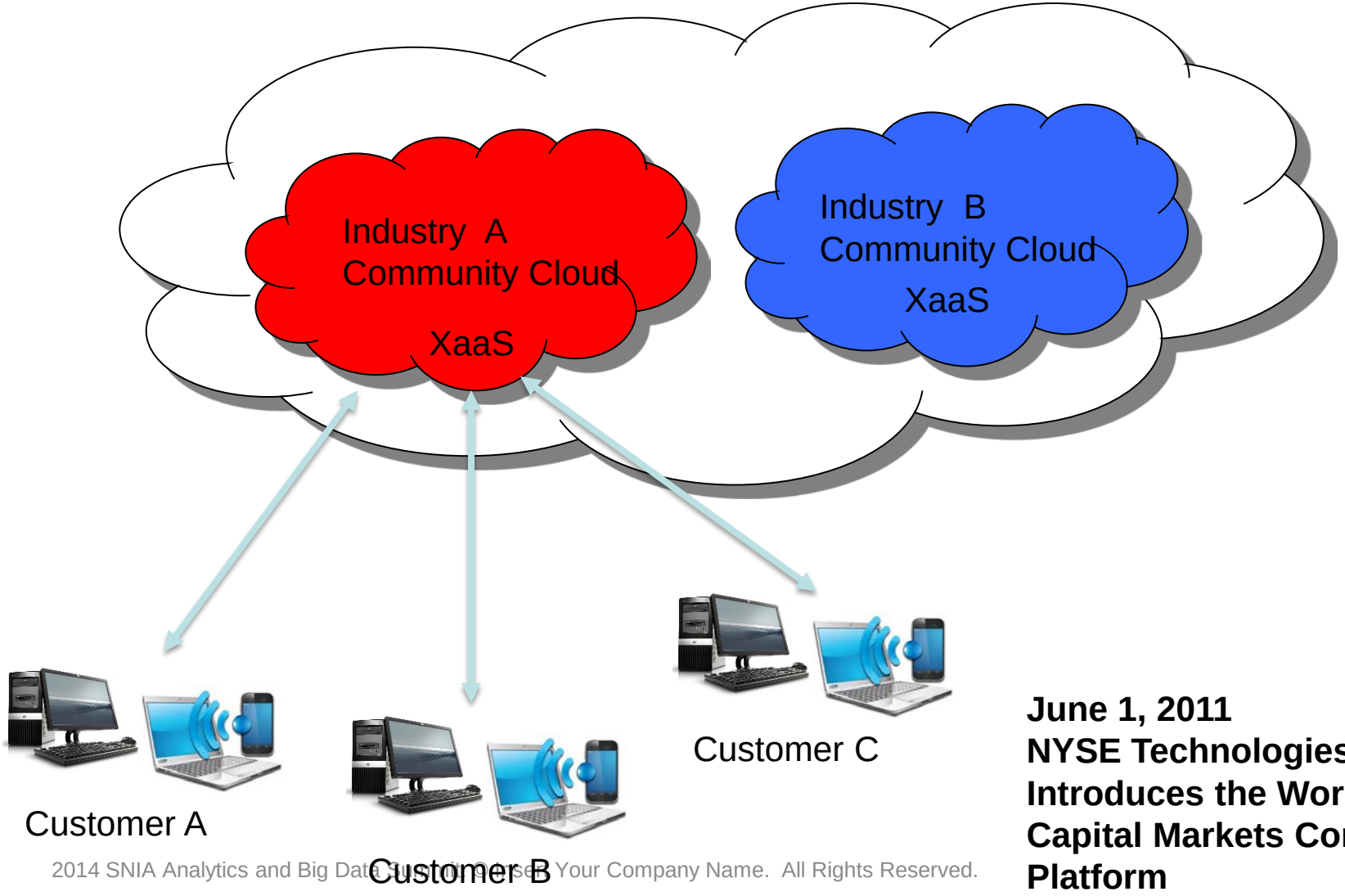
# Community Cloud ?

- **Centralized**
- **Distributed**

# Centralized Community Cloud ?

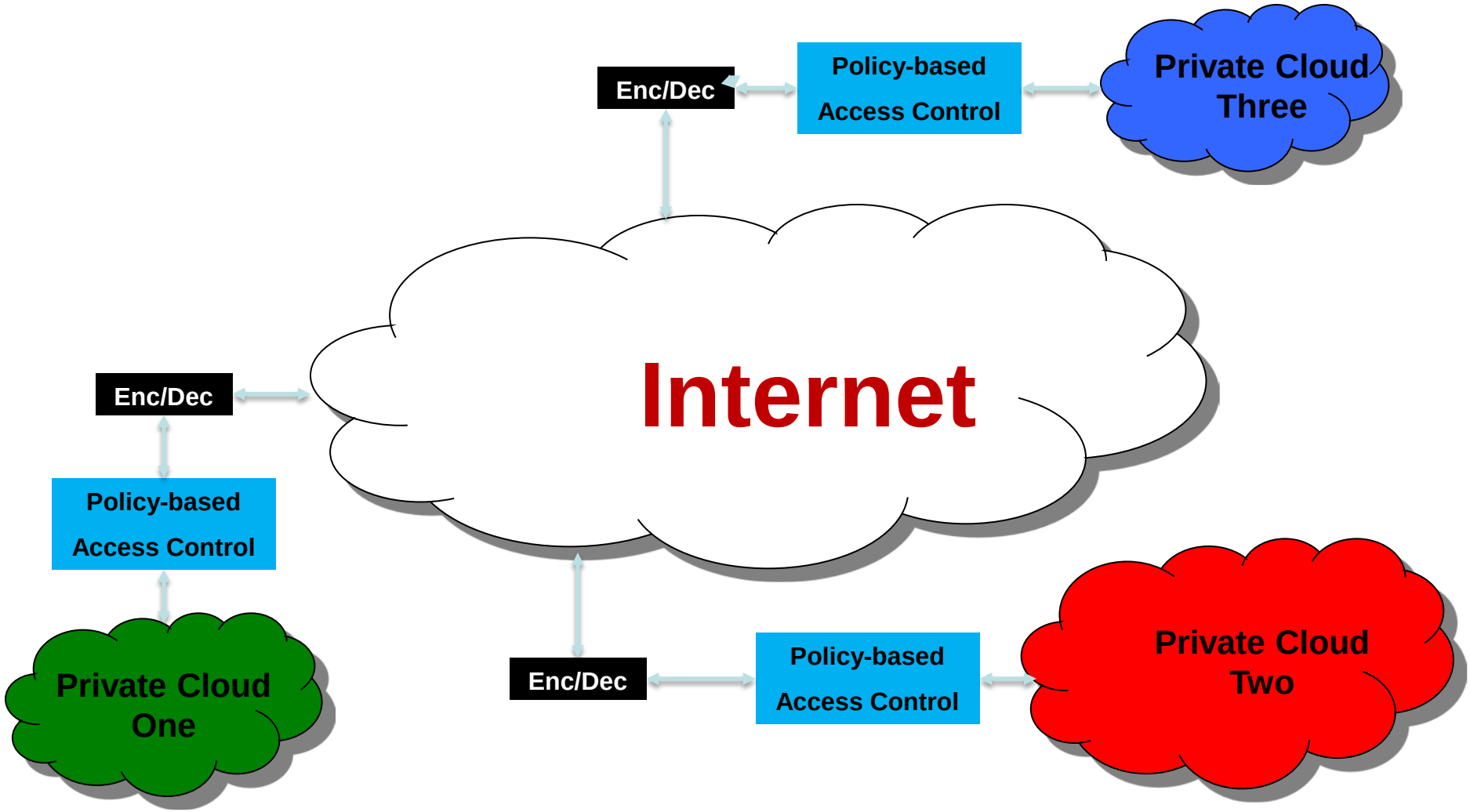
- Multi-Tenant Infrastructure
- Shared Among Several Organizations with Common Computing Concerns/Requirements
- Higher Level of Security, Privacy, and Performance (Compare to Public Cloud)
- Pay-as-you-go Billing Structure
- Cost, less than Private more than Public

# Examples: Centralized Community Cloud




**June 1, 2011**
**NYSE Technologies Introduces the World's First Capital Markets Community Platform**

# “Secure/Trusted” Distributed Community Cloud



# Issues, challenges and potential solutions for real-time and archived data storage managements

# Archiving, Tape Technology

## Ultirum LTO:

- Capacity per Tape – 6.25 Terabytes
- Cost (tape) – 1.3 cent per GB
- 250 million LTO tapes have been shipped
- Total, shipped Capacity ~ 100 Exabyte's

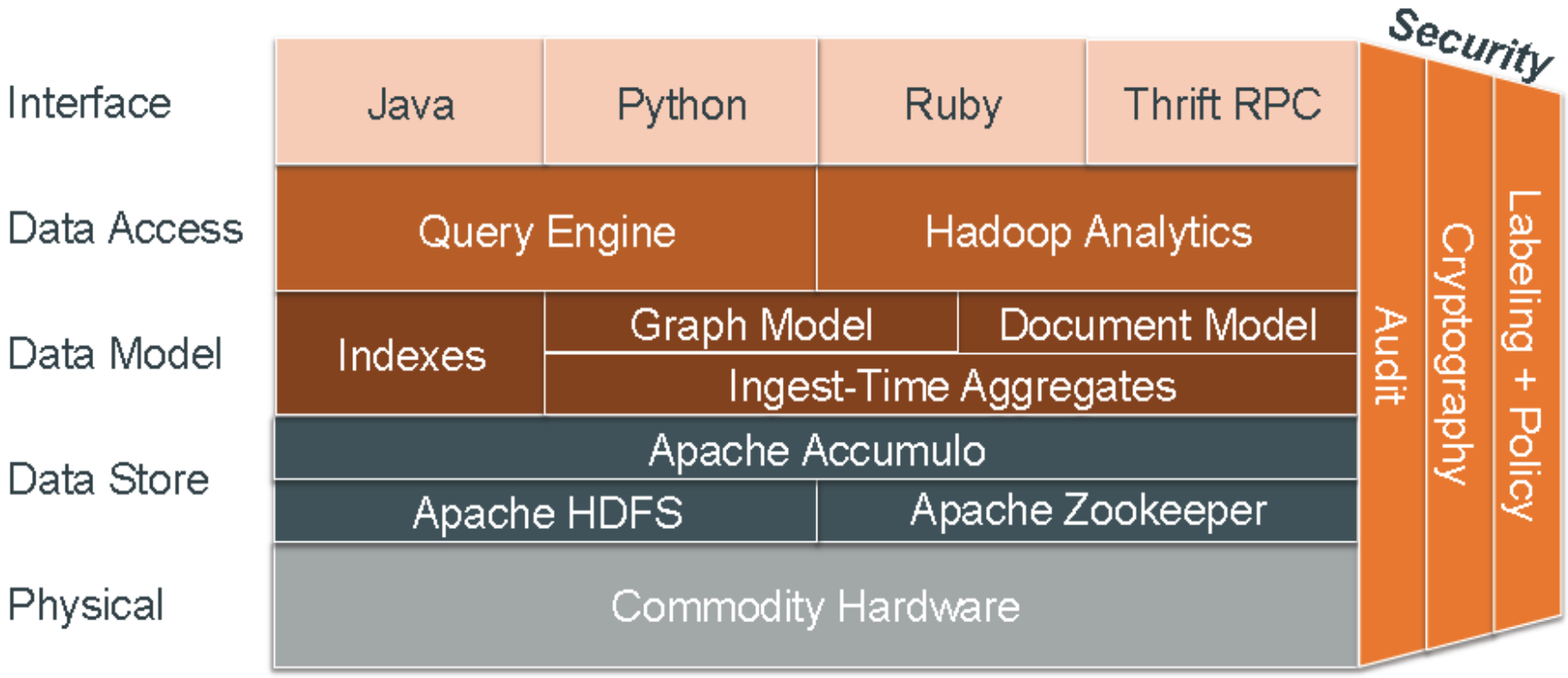
## Sony's new magnetic tape technology:

- Capacity - 185 TB per cartridges
- Announced at the INTERMAG Europe 2014

# Scalable Open Source Computing Platform to manage Exabyte class datasets

- Linux
- Hadoop
- MapReduce
- R
- Accumulo

# Technology Stack




Source: SQRRL Enterprise 2014

# Summary

- **Adding Omics (**Genomic...) **Data to the Patient EHR**

**Storage requirements, and associated computing power and network infrastructure performance will increase by at least three order of magnitude, just to keep up with today computing systems performance**

**Total Patient EHR, Data Storage ~ Zettabyte**

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# Concluding Remarks