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| Marriott San Mateo

| San Mateo, CA



# Ceph For The Enterprise

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SUSE

## Who is David Byte?

- Sr. technical strategist on the SUSE IHV Alliances & Embedded team
- Specializes in storage, HPC and ARM64
- Live in Jenks, OK – a suburb of Tulsa
- 20+ year veteran in the IT industry (15+ in storage and 20+ in Linux)

LinkedIn: <http://LinkedIn/in/davidbyte>

Blog: [www.suse.com/communities/blog/author/davidbyte/](http://www.suse.com/communities/blog/author/davidbyte/)



# **Agenda**

**A quick look at the market**

**Use cases & reference designs**

**Architecting a solution**

**Sizing a solution**

**Deployment notes**

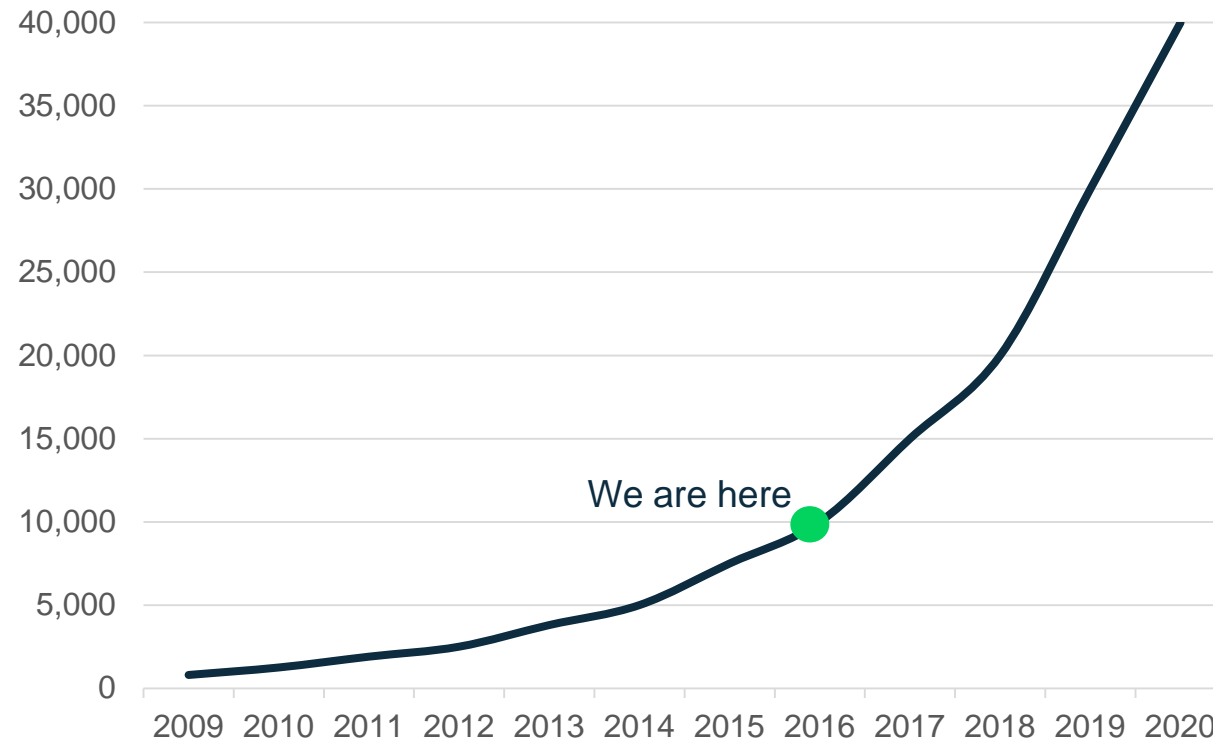
**Tuning info**

**A few resources from SUSE**

# The Market

# Business Has a Continuing Storage Challenge

## Storage Doubles Every 18 Months



## IT Budgets Are Flat

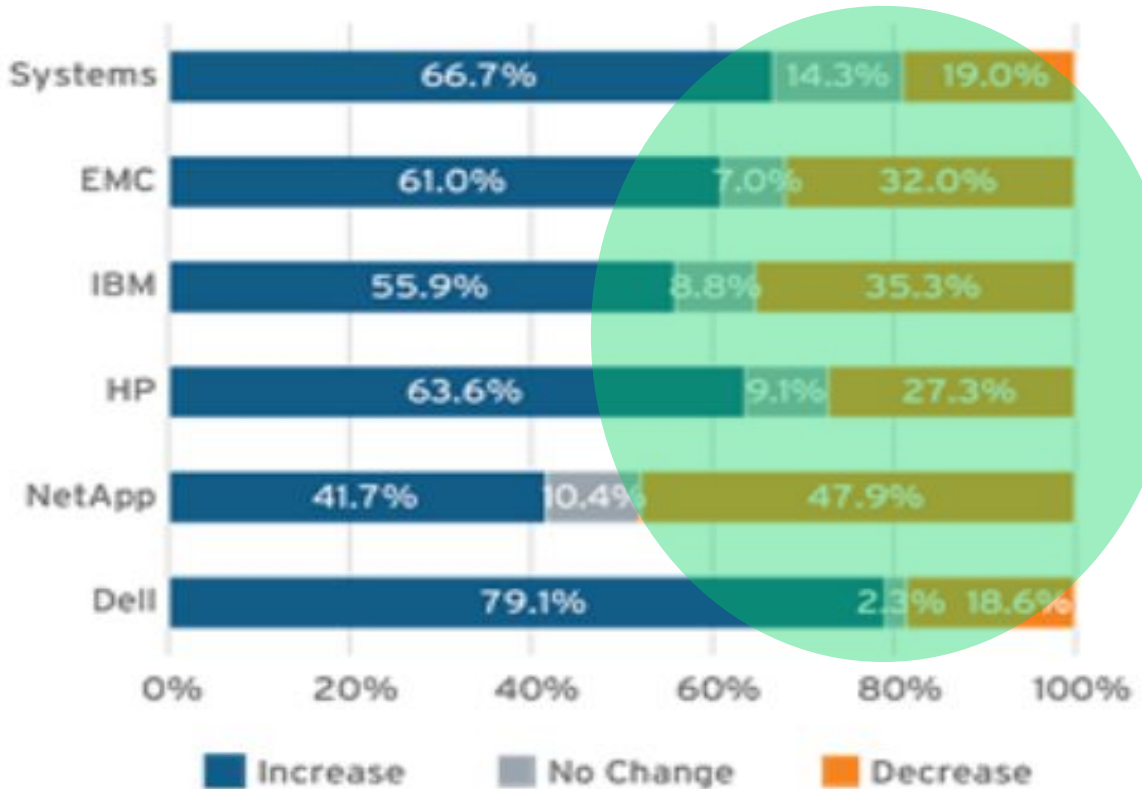
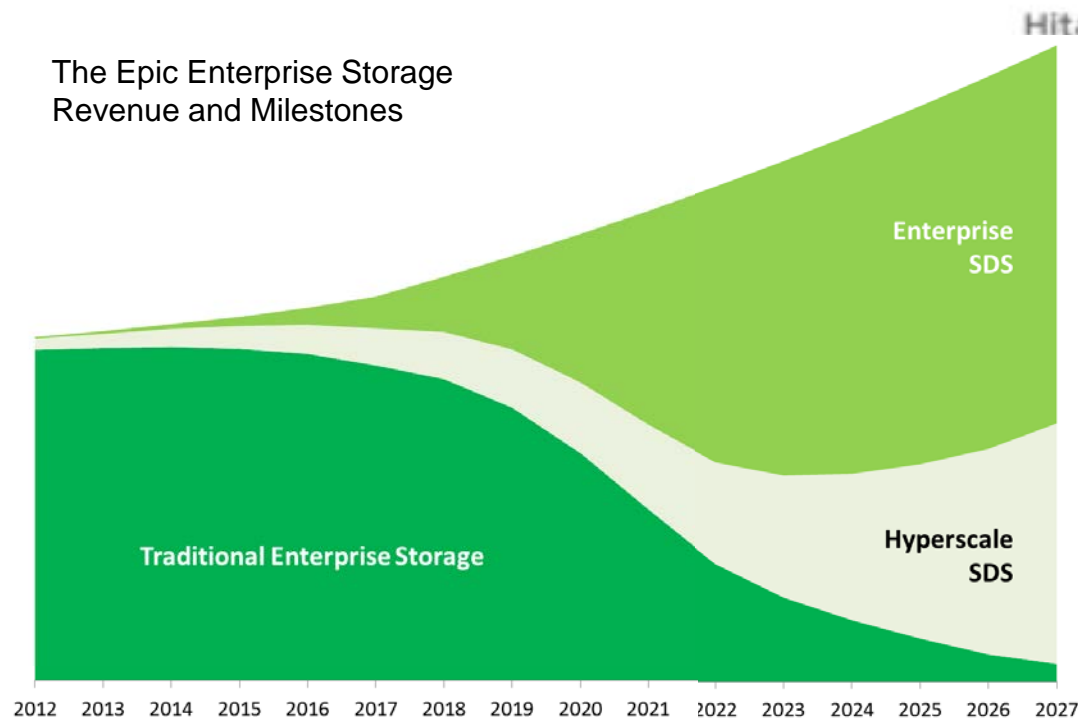
Storage  
costs  
decline  
**25%**  
annually

But data  
grows  
**40%**  
annually

# Changes Are Coming

## Market Shakeout - 2016 Spend vs 2015 Spend

The Epic Enterprise Storage Revenue and Milestones



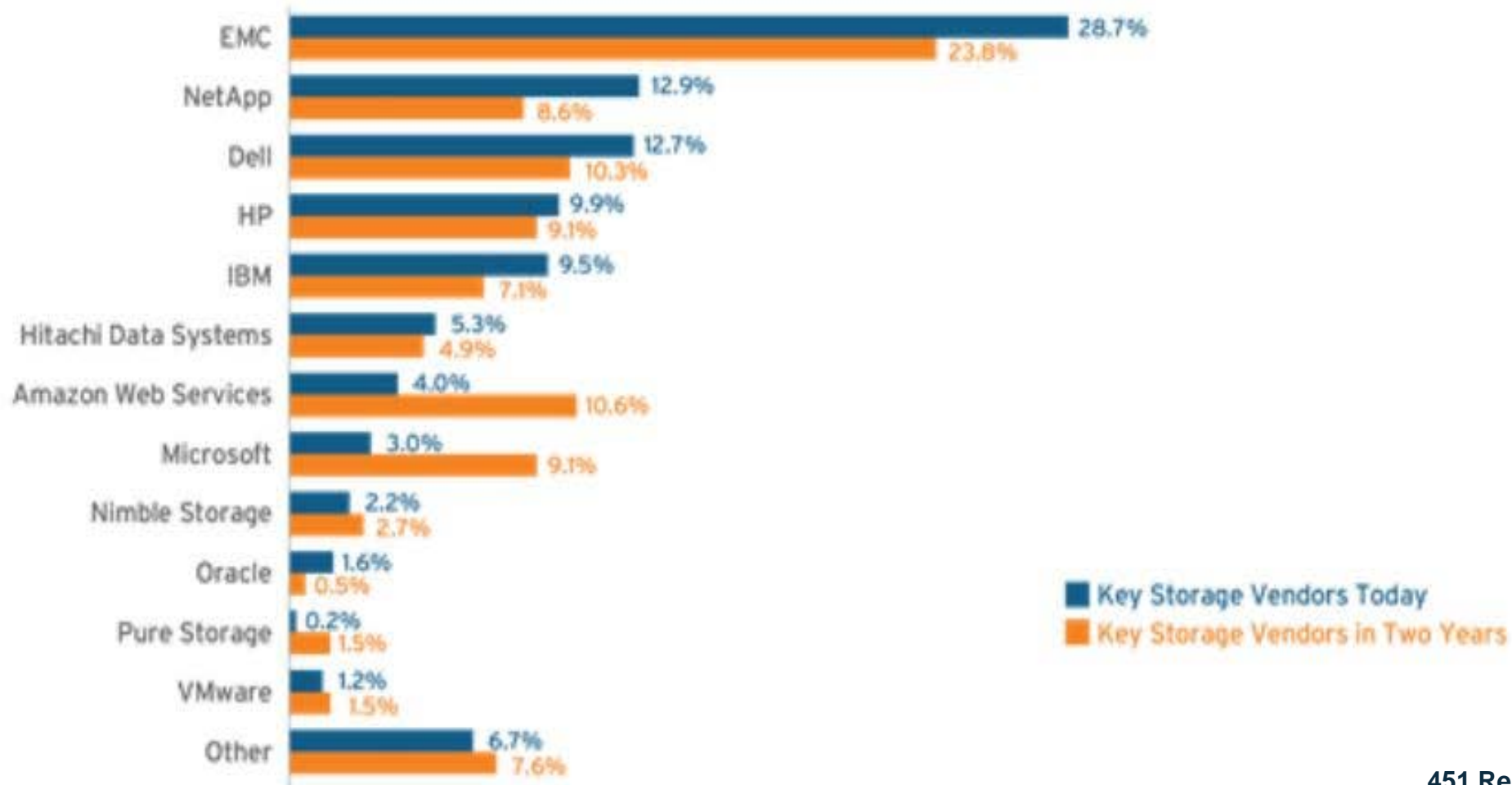
Source: 451 Research

By 2019, more than 50% of the storage capacity installed in enterprise data centers will be deployed with software-defined storage or hyperconverged integrated system architectures based on x86 hardware systems, up from less than 10% today

—Gartner

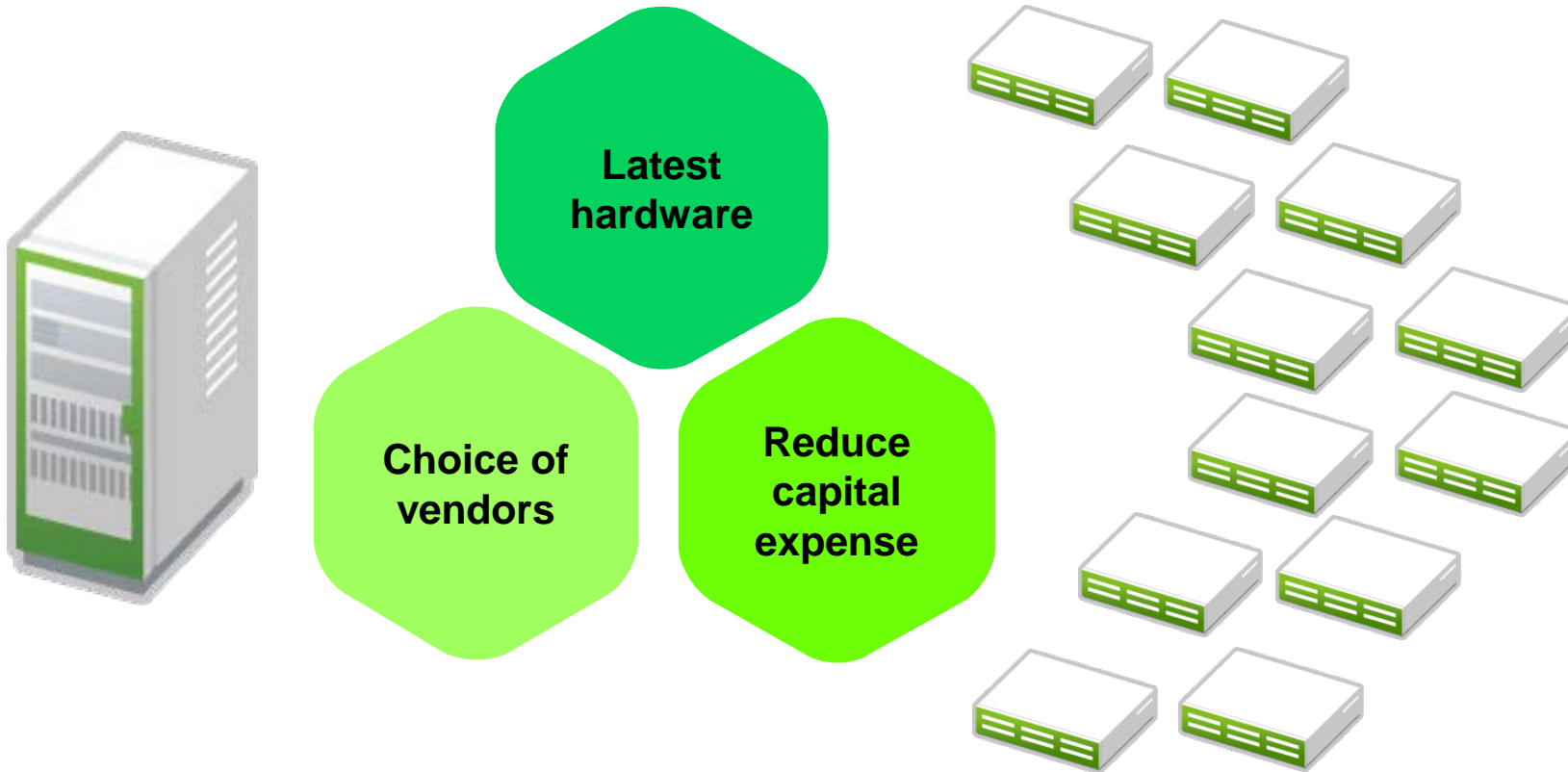
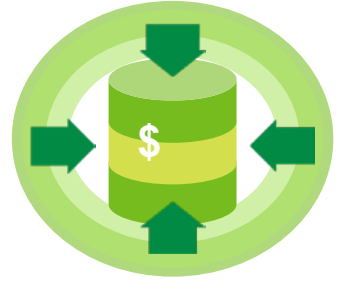
# Who Would Have Thought?

## Amazon and Microsoft Move Into Top Six Storage Providers





# SDS Value





# Making the Shift

## Mode 1 – Gartner for Traditional Legacy Datacenter

- Network, compute, and storage silos
- Traditional protocols – Fibre Channel, iSCSI, CIFS, NFS

### Process-driven

- Slow to respond

**This is what customers have today**

## Mode 2 – Gartner for Software Defined Software Defined Data Center

- Software-defined everything

### Agile infrastructure

- Supporting a DevOps model
- Business-driven

**This is where customers want to go**

Support today's investment



Adapt to the future

# The SUSE Focus

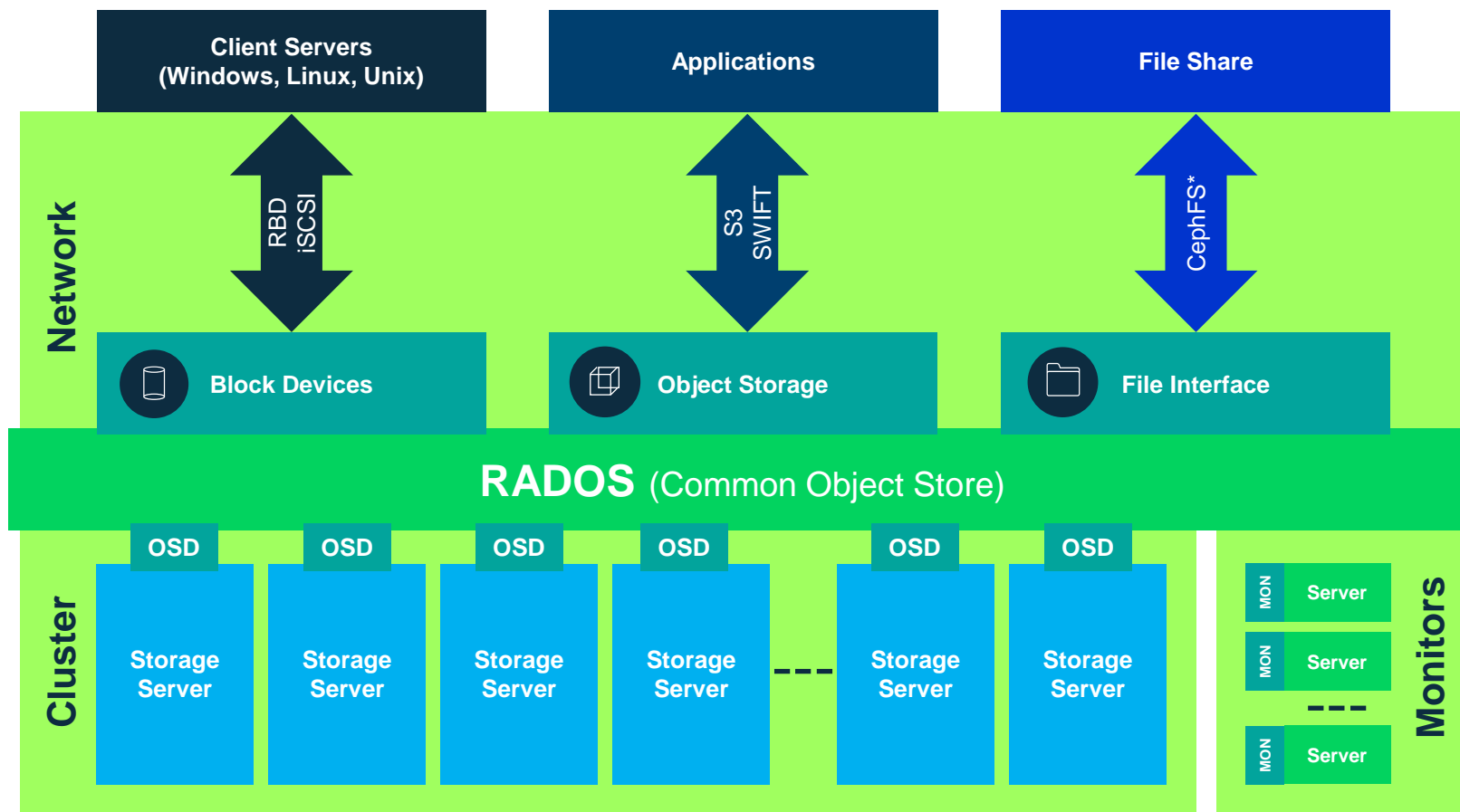
# SUSE Enterprise Storage powered by Ceph



- A highly scalable and resilient software-based storage solution.
- Enables organizations of any size to build cost-efficient, highly scalable storage.
- Utilizes off-the-shelf servers and disk drives.
- Self-managing and delivers storage functionality comparable to mid / high-end storage products at a fraction of the cost.



# Open Source Ceph as the Base



Code Developers

782

Core Regular Casual

22

53

705

Total downloads

160,015,454

Unique downloads

21,264,047

# Making Ceph Enterprise Consumable

## **Manageability**

- Ease of install
- Centralized management, monitoring, reporting

## **Interoperability**

- Unified block/file/object (heterogeneous OS access)
- Fabric interconnect

## **Efficiency**

- Cache tiering
- Deduplication/compression
- Hierarchical storage management

## **Availability**

- Backup/archive
- Continuous data protection
- Remote replication

# Use Cases & Reference Designs



# Really understand the problem(s) and drivers

## Ask a lot of questions

- What business issues are driving this project?
- What applications will be interfacing with the storage?
- What kind of interface, block, object or file?
- What is the incumbent storage environment?

# Content Store



## Scientific Organizations

- Meteorological data
- Telescope recordings
- Satellite feeds

## Media Industries

- TV stations
- Radio stations
- Motion picture distributors
- Web music/video content

# Available Solutions

**HPE – Apollo Series, 4200 and 4500 series**



**Thomas-Krenn – SES Appliance Capacity Optimized**



**Capacity Bundles via various reseller partners**



# Object or block bulk storage

- Data that constantly grows during the course of business
- SharePoint data
- D2D Backup
  - HPE Data Protector and others
- Financial records



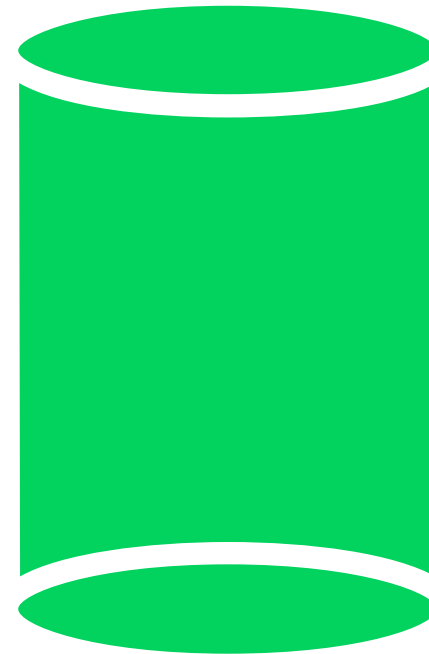
# Video Surveillance



- Facility security surveillance
- Red light/traffic cameras
- License plate readers
- Body cameras for law enforcement
- Military/government visual reconnaissance

# Virtual Machine (VM) Storage

- Ceph is already the leading storage choice for OpenStack environments
- Low and mid i/o virtual machine storage for major hypervisor platforms
  - kvm – native RBD
  - Hyper-V – iSCSI
  - VMware - iSCSI





# Available Solutions For General Purpose And Performance Scenarios

## HPE

- Apollo – Apollo 4200
- Proliant – DL380/DL360



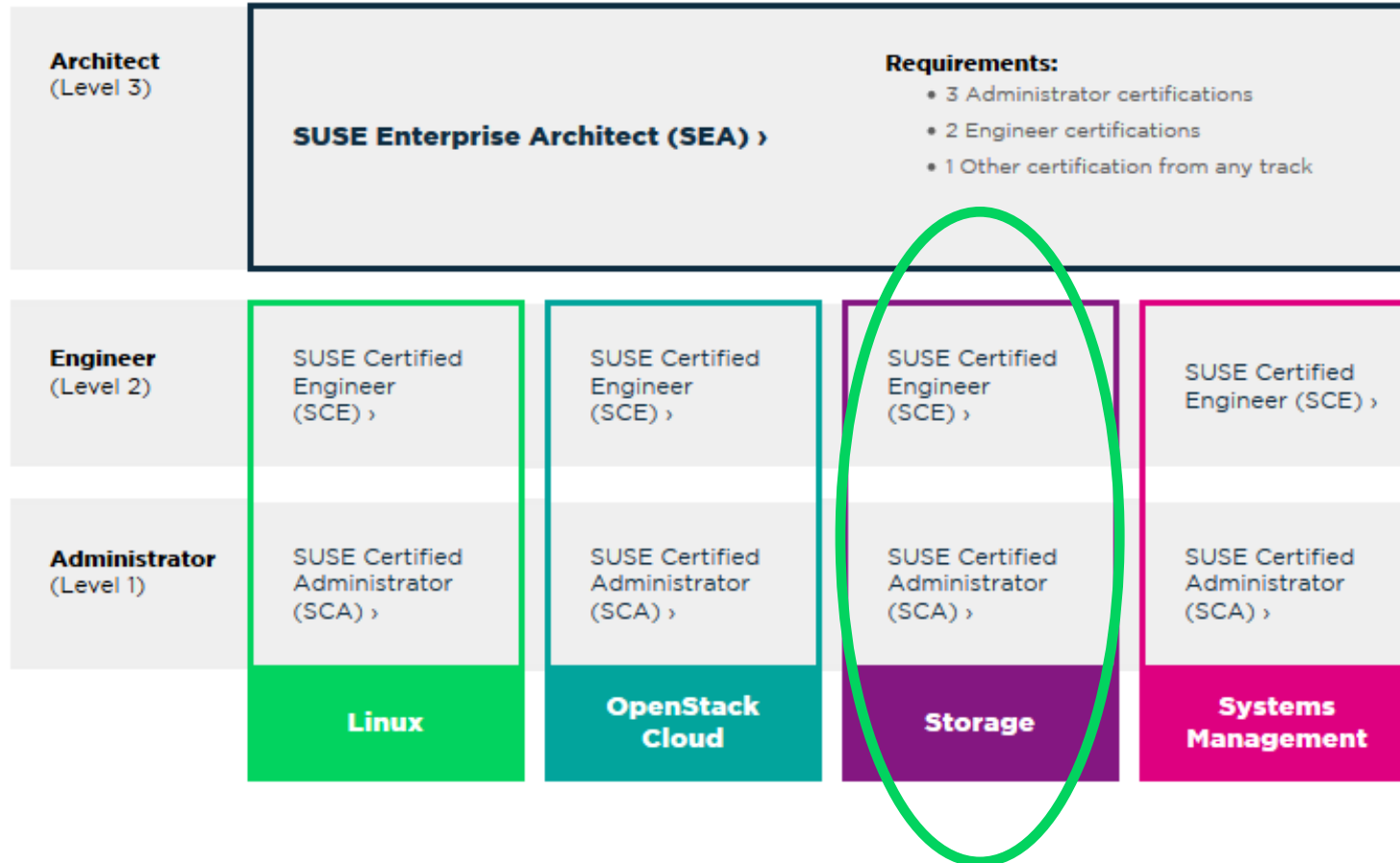
## Thomas-Krenn – SES Appliance All-rounder

- Performance Optimized



**General Bundles via various reseller partners**

# Training and Certification for Storage



## SUSE Certified Administrator in Storage

SES101/201 – Introduction to Storage 2 Administration

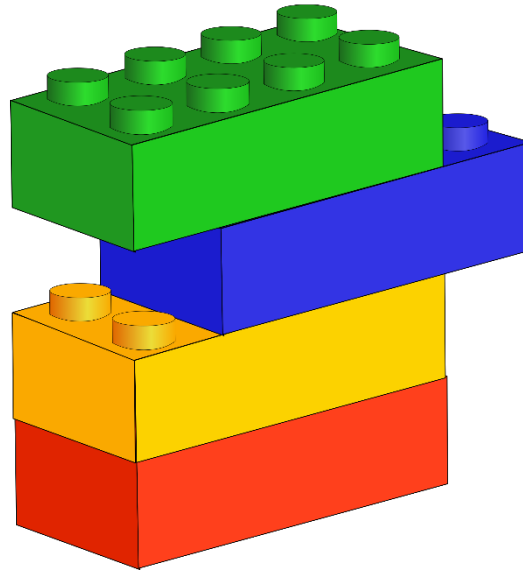
- Course currently in market
- Exam available end of June
- Update to version 3 in August (SES201)

## SUSE Certified Engineer in Storage

SES301 – advanced course

- Course and exam to follow update to version 3 of admin level
- Second half of calendar 2016

# Architecture



# Plan for the highest resiliency

## **Bonded connections from multiple NICs to stacked switches**

- Protect against NIC failure
- Protect against cable failure
- Protect against switch failure

## **Stacked switches in ring or other redundant topology**

- Bandwidth Aggregation
- Protect against switch failure

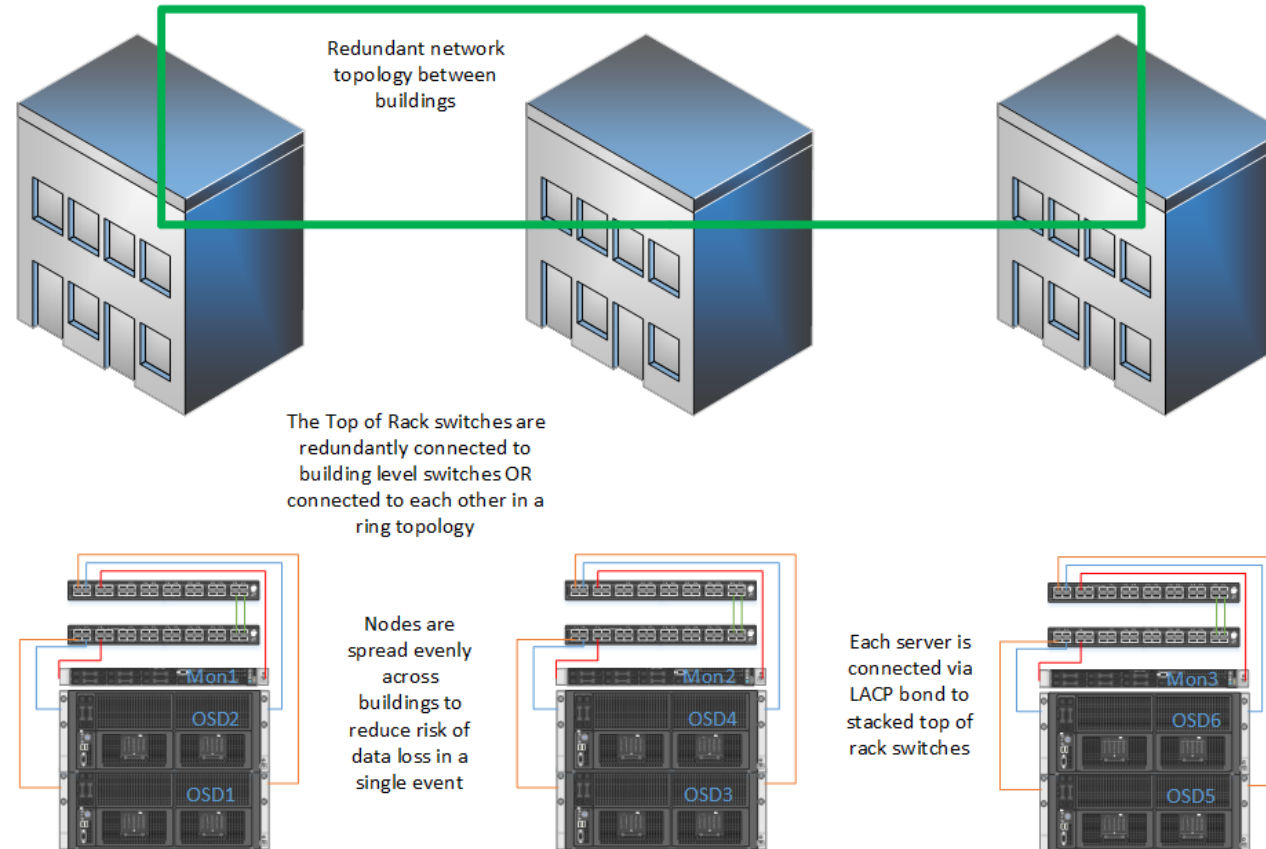
## **Spread across buildings on campus**

- Protect against facility loss
- Provides ability to have gateway services (RGW, iSCSI) local to a building



# Plan for the highest resiliency

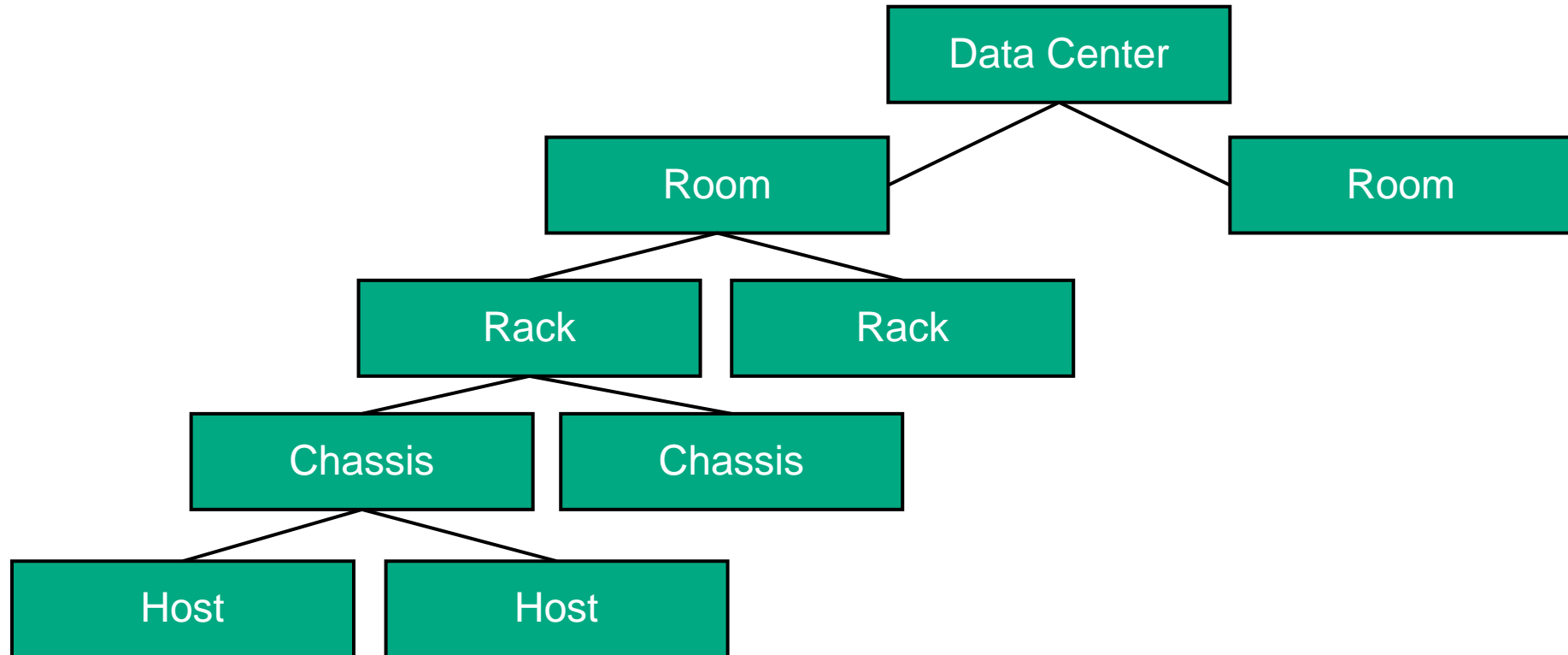
## Campus Ceph Architecture



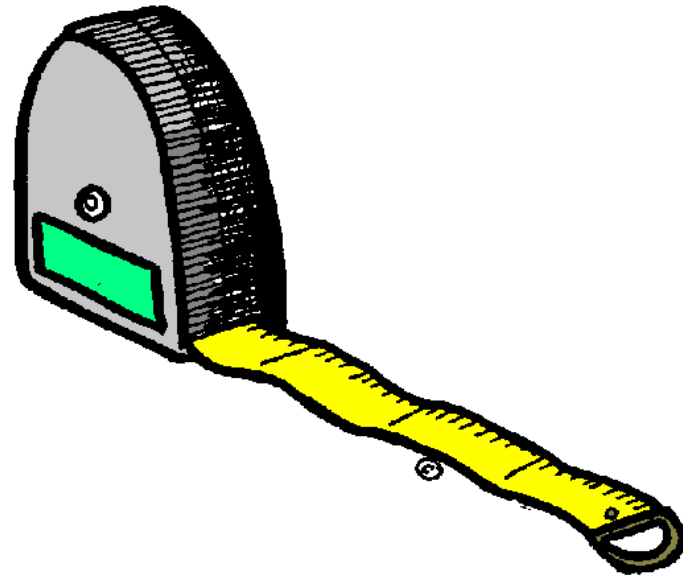
# How do we make Ceph “aware”?

The Crush Map is the key!

Customize it for the site



# Sizing a Solution



# Use cases

**Use Cases define design decisions**

**read heavy SSD read-only cache?**

**write heavy SSD/NVMe journals?**

**mix with reads on most recent 10% being >80% of read activity**

- write-back cache tier on SSD

**Block?**

- SSD/NVMe journals



# Rules of thumb

## Storage Node (OSD)

- 2GB per TB of storage
- 2 Ghz per storage device
- 2 NICs, LACP to stacked switches

## Monitor (Mon)

- 6 cores, 32GB, RAID1 SSD
- 2 NICs, LACP to stacked switches

## iSCSI

- 6-8 cores, higher clock speed = better
- 2 NICs, LACP to stacked switches

# Deploying The Solution



# Base installation – Infrastructure

PXE

Autoyast

Custom kiwi image

SMT

NTP

DNS

Crowbar

Salt **Coming Soon!**

# Naming Conventions

When possible, use naming conventions that are easy to identify purpose, protection, etc.

## Nodes

- By Function
- `osd1`, `osdnode1`, `mon1`, `clu1-osd1`

## Pools

- `doublereplica-rbd-mirror1`
- `openstack-images1`

## RBD images

- `imgsvr-product-images.iscsi-lun1`



# Validating your install

`ceph status -w`

`rados benchmark`

`fio, iometer`

`COSbench - appliance image on susestudio`

`iscsi connect to host`

# Tuning



# General information

## Faster, Fatter Networks

- 40GbE +
- Jumbo Frames

## Higher speed storage

- 7.2k < 15k < SATA SSD < SAS SSD < NVMe (<NVDIMM?)

## Intel Performance Portal for Ceph

- <https://01.org/cephperf/ceph-performance-tunings>

# Resources





# Available from SUSE

## SUSE Enterprise Storage documents

- <https://www.suse.com/documentation/ses-2/>

## Reference Architectures

- [SUSE Enterprise Storage 2.0 Deployment for HPE ProLiant DL Series](#)
- [HP Apollo Series with SUSE Enterprise Storage](#)

## Blogs

- <https://www.suse.com/communities/blog/category/suse-enterprise-storage/>

## Recorded webinars

- SUSE MOST – <https://www.suse.com/partners/most/> (search for ceph)
- SUSE Chalk Talks – <http://www.youtube.com/suse>

ceph.com <http://www.ceph.com>

# Questions and Answers





We adapt. You succeed.