# Aerie: Flexible File-System Interfaces to Storage-Class Memory

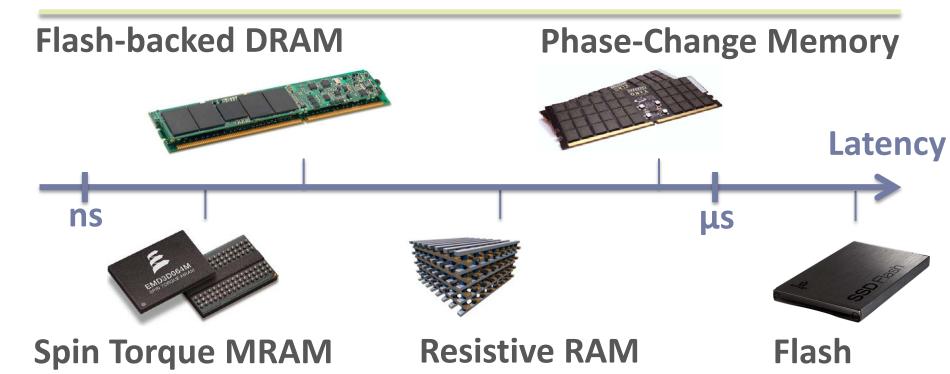
#### Haris Volos<sup>+</sup>

Sanketh Nalli, Sankaralingam Panneerselvam, Venkatanathan Varadarajan, Prashant Saxena, Michael M. Swift





## **Storage-Class Memory (SCM)**



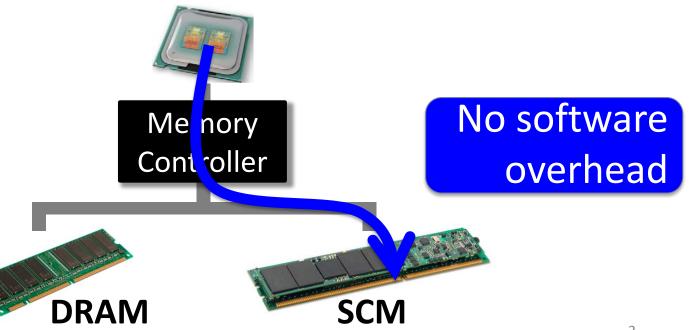
- Persistent
- Short access time

#### Software overhead matters

## **Storage-Class Memory (SCM)**

- Persistent
- Short access time
- Byte addressable

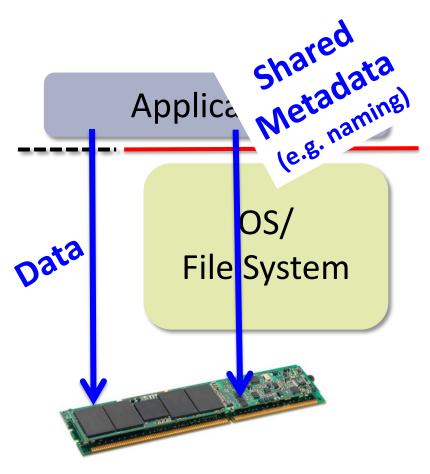




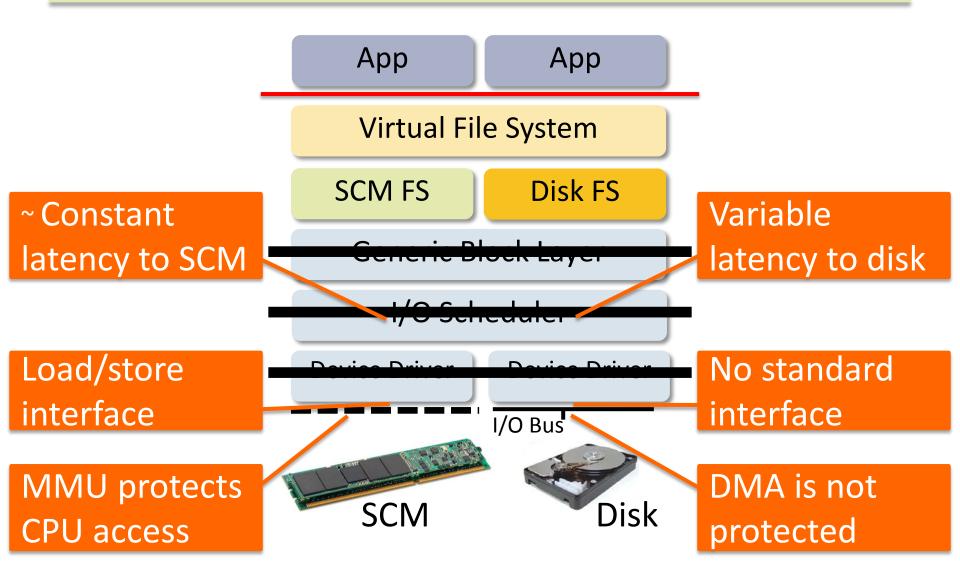
# Accessing SCM today

- Direct user-mode access for fast access to data
  - Moneta-D, PMFS, Quill,
    NV-Heaps, Mnemosyne

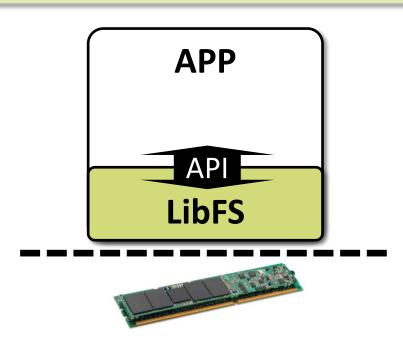
- File system for sharing
  - Shared namespace
  - Protection
  - Integrity



#### **Does SCM need a kernel FS?**



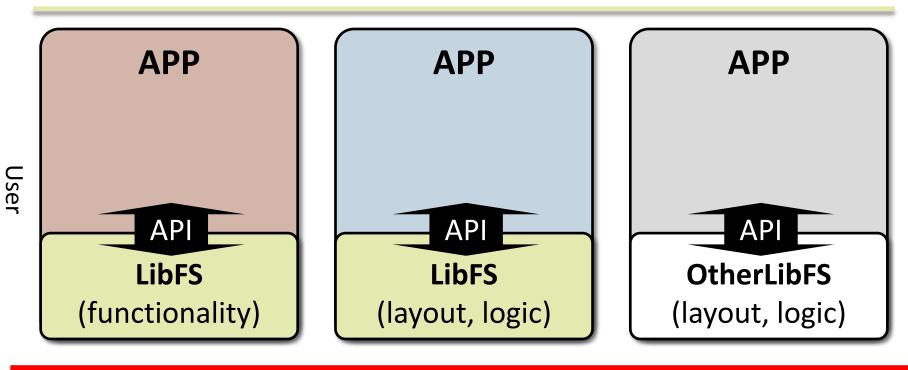
# Library file systems (libFS)



[Exokernel (MIT), Nemesis (Cambridge)]

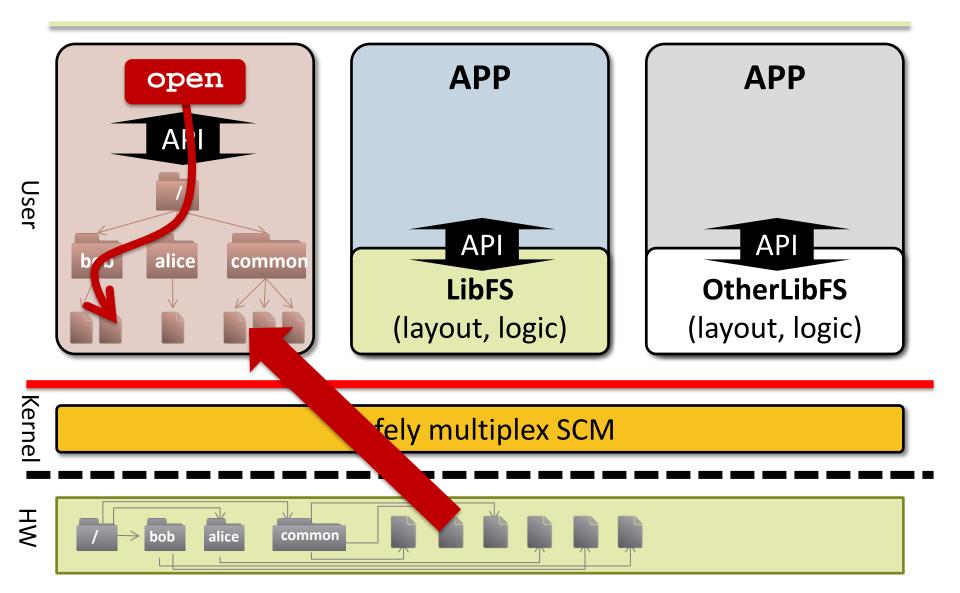
- Enable implementation flexibility
  - Optimize file-system interface semantics
  - Optimize operations regarding metadata

#### Aerie libFS in a nutshell





#### Aerie libFS in a nutshell

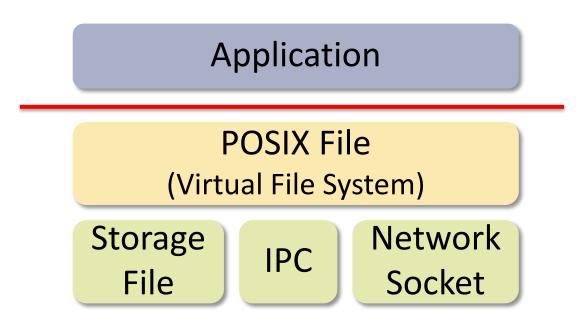


## Outline

- Overview
- Motivation: Interface flexibility
- Aerie: In-memory library file systems
- Evaluation
- Conclusion

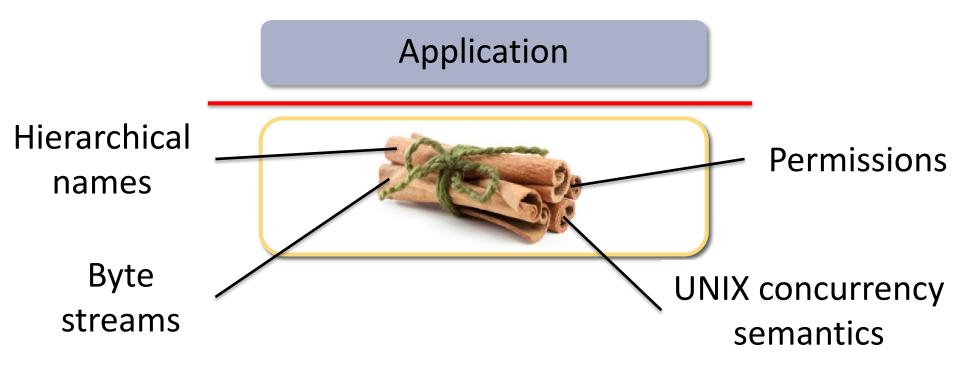
#### **POSIX File: Expensive abstraction**

- Universal abstraction: Everything is a file
  - Has generic-overhead cost



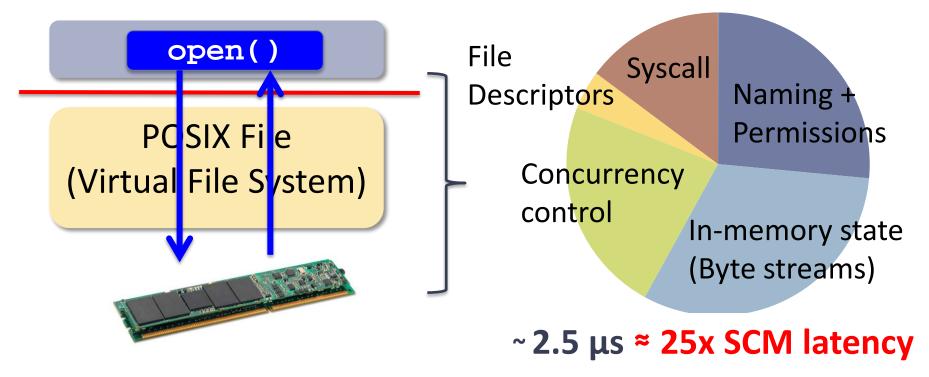
#### **POSIX File: Expensive abstraction**

- Rigid interface and policies
  - Has fixed components and costs
  - Hinders application-specific customization

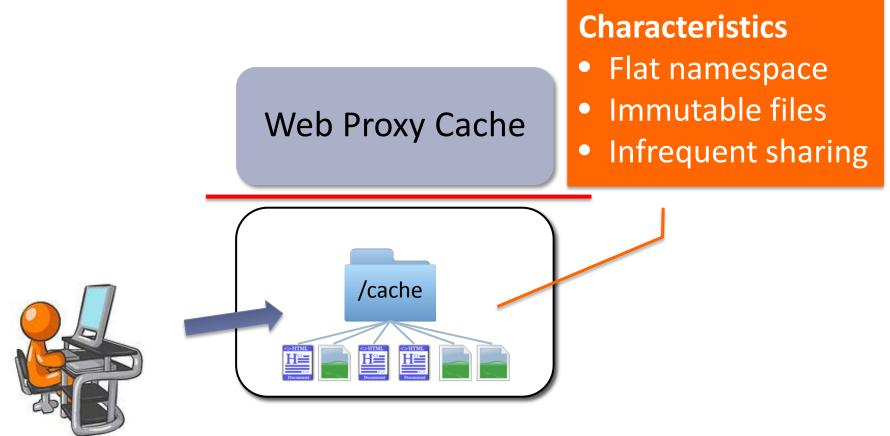


#### **POSIX File: Expensive abstraction**

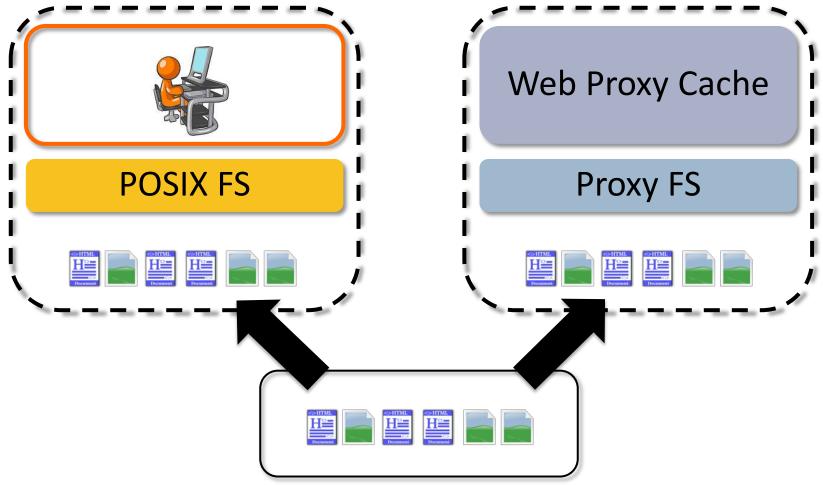
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### **Motivating Example: Web Proxy**



#### **Motivating Example: Web Proxy**



## **Customizing the file system today**

• Modify the kernel

• Add a layer over existing kernel file system

• Use a user-mode framework such as FUSE

#### **Cumbersome options**

# Flexible interfaces more important than ever

• Software interface overheads handicap fast SCM

• Flexible interface is a must for fast SCM

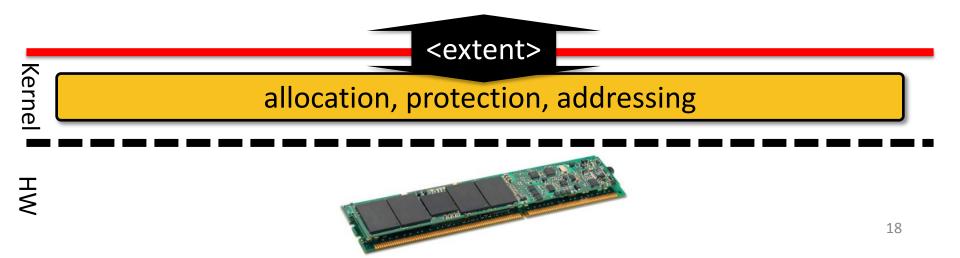
• Library file systems can help remove generic software overheads

## Outline

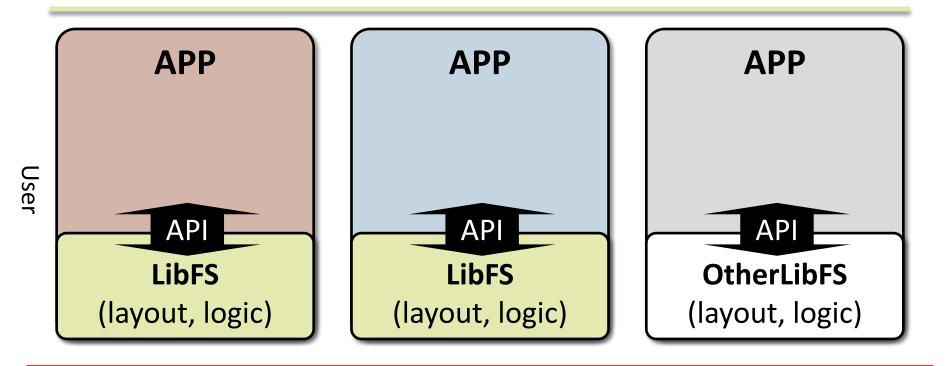
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## Kernel safely multiplexes SCM

- Allocation: Allocates SCM regions (i.e. extents)
- Protection: Keeps track of region access rights
- Addressing: Memory-maps SCM regions



## Library implements functionality





Kernel

МH



## **Implementing file-system features**

• File-system objects

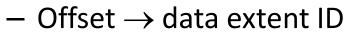
• Shared namespace

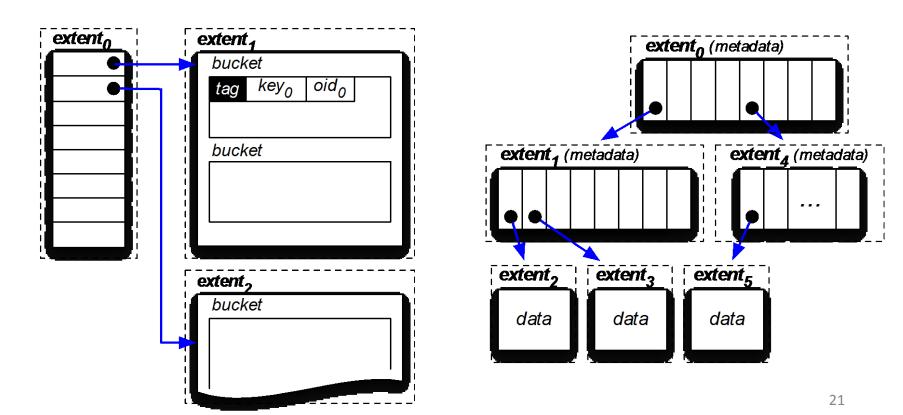
• Protection (access control)

• Integrity

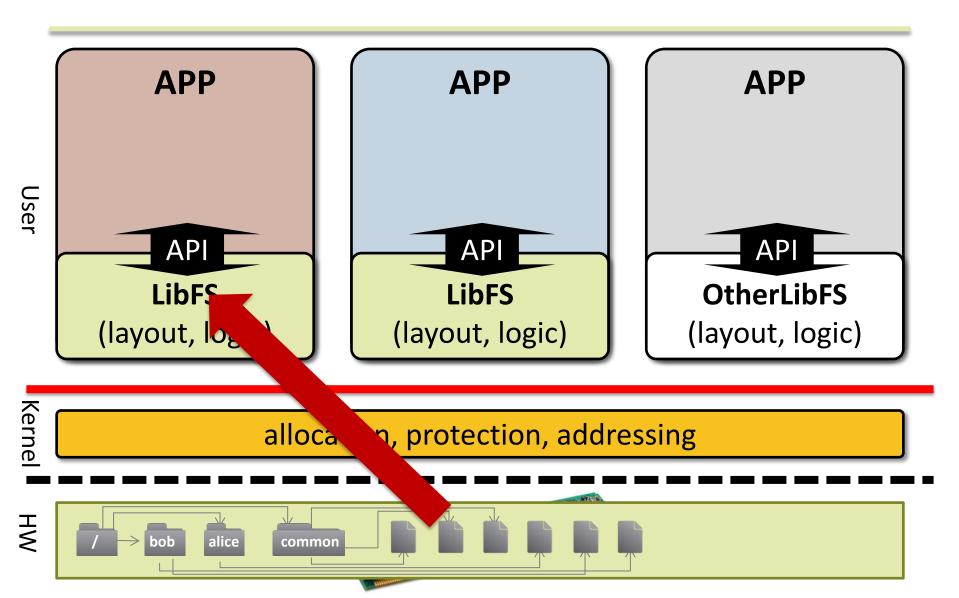
# File-system objects build on SCM extents

- Collection (or directory)
  mFile (or memory file)
  - key  $\rightarrow$  object ID (oid)

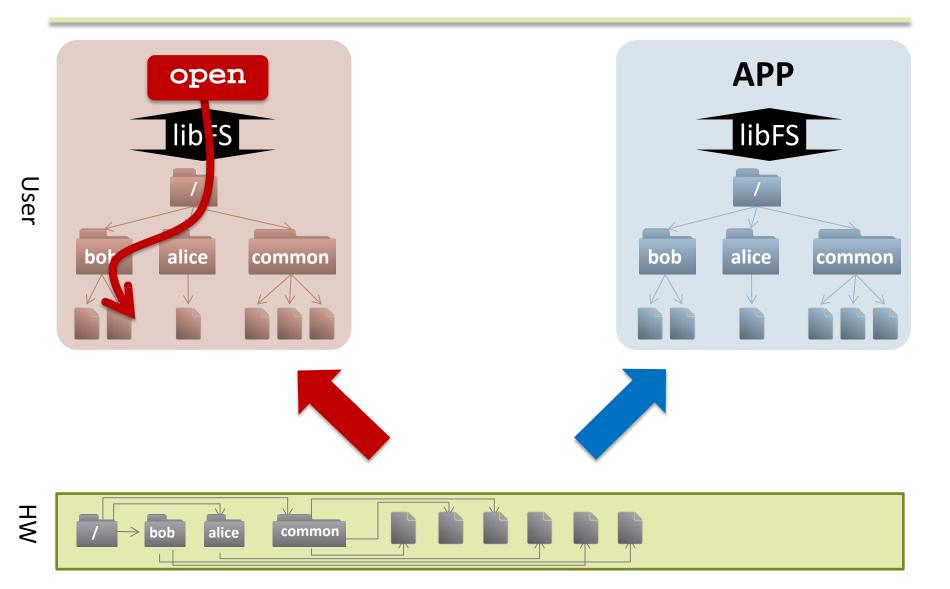




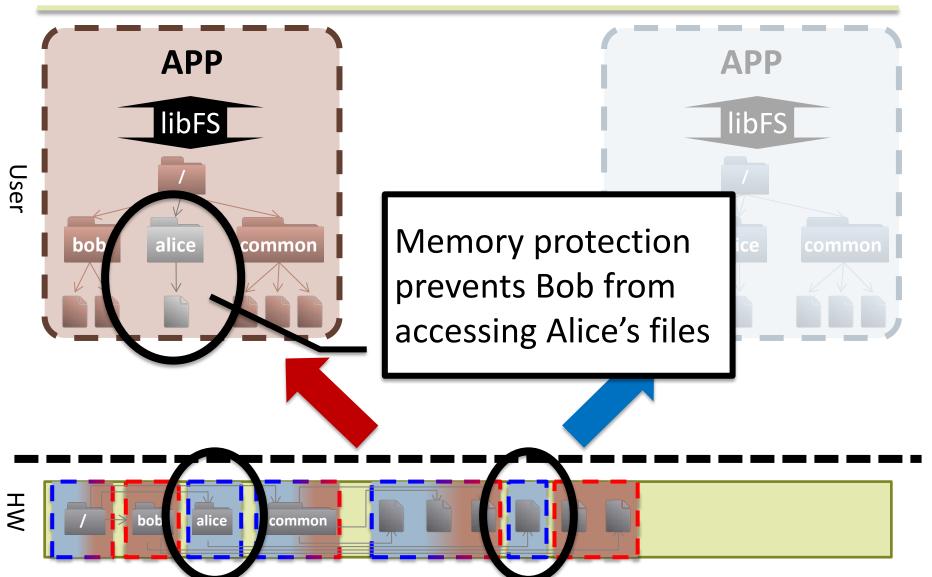
#### **Shared namespace**



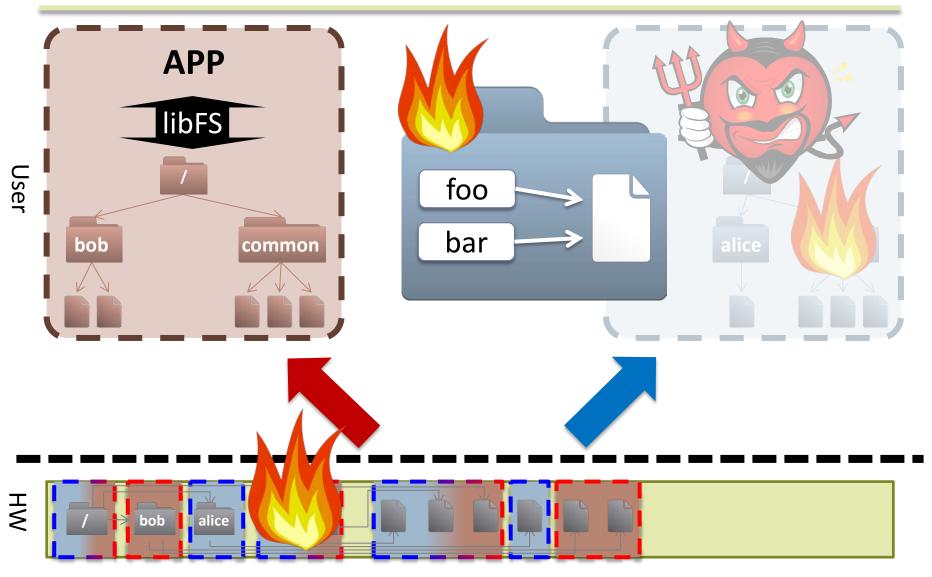
#### **Shared namespace**



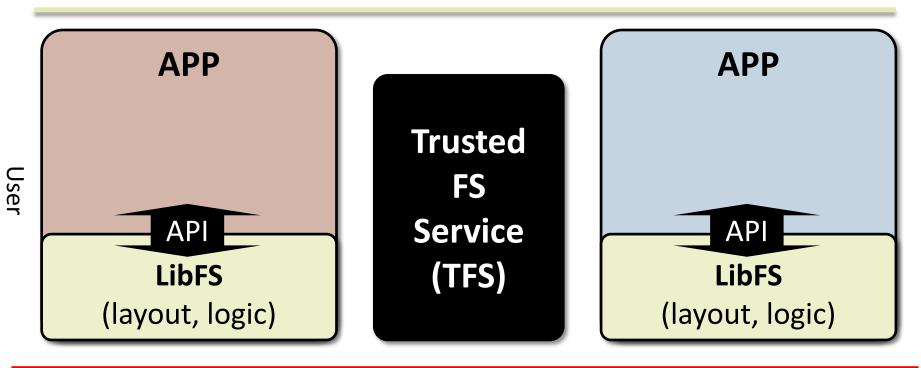
# Decentralize access control via hardware-enforced permissions

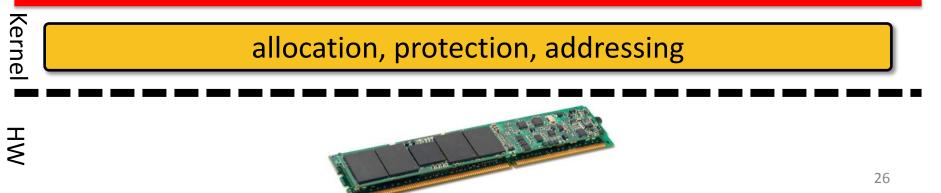


# Hardware protection cannot guarantee integrity

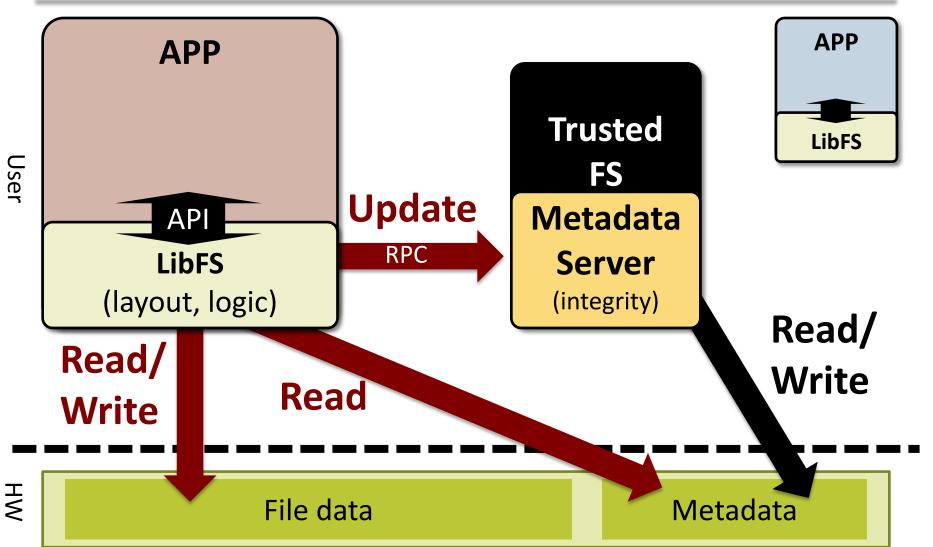


### **Integrity via Trusted File Service**



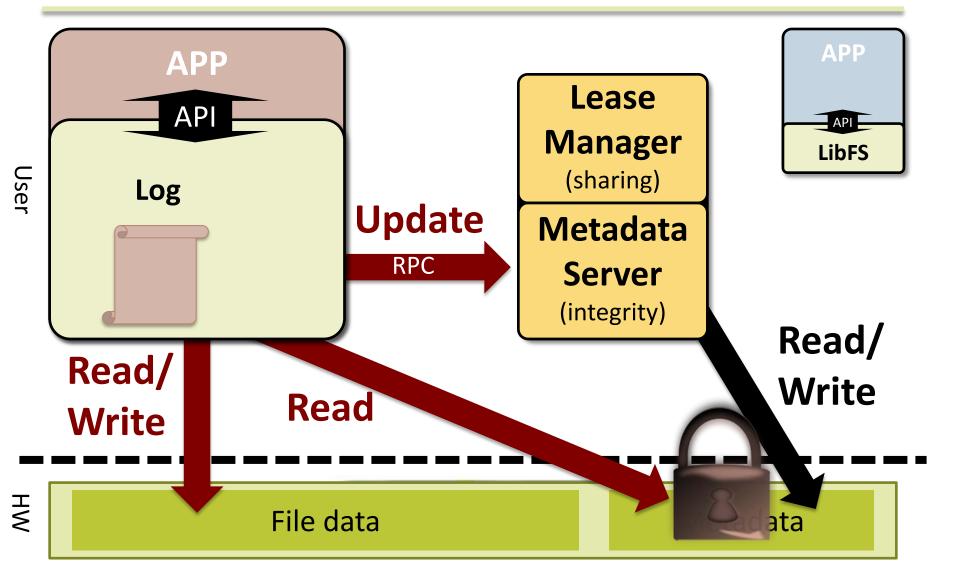


#### **Decentralized architecture**

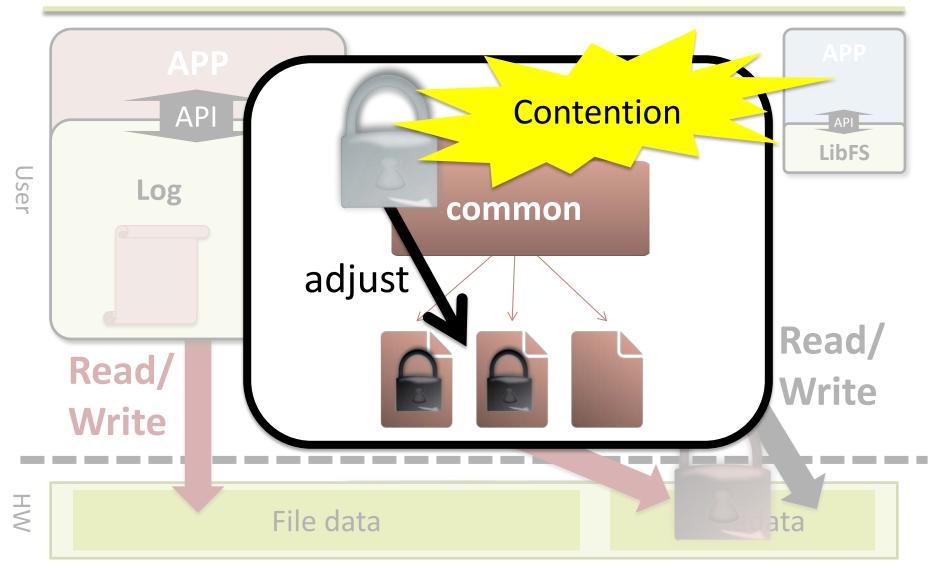


User

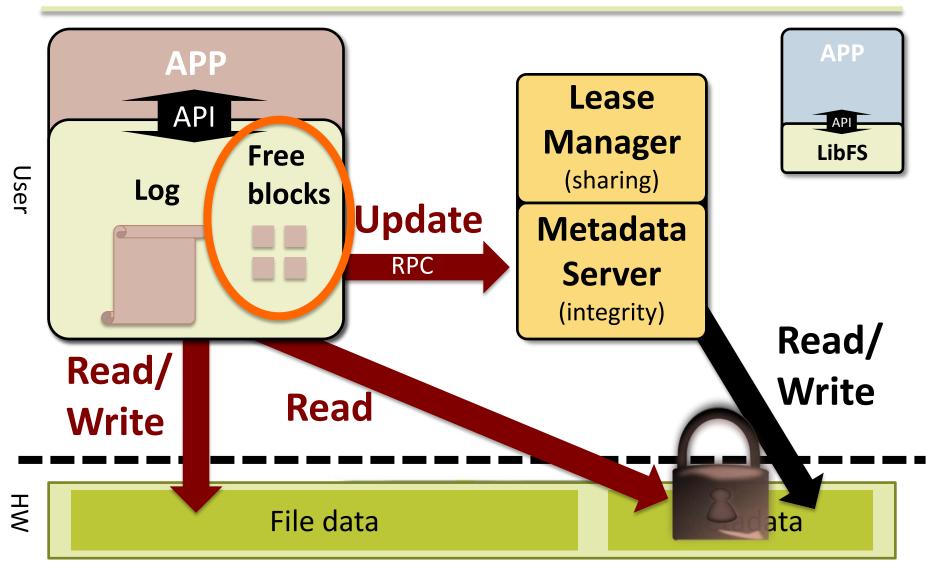
# Reducing communication: Hierarchical leases + Batching



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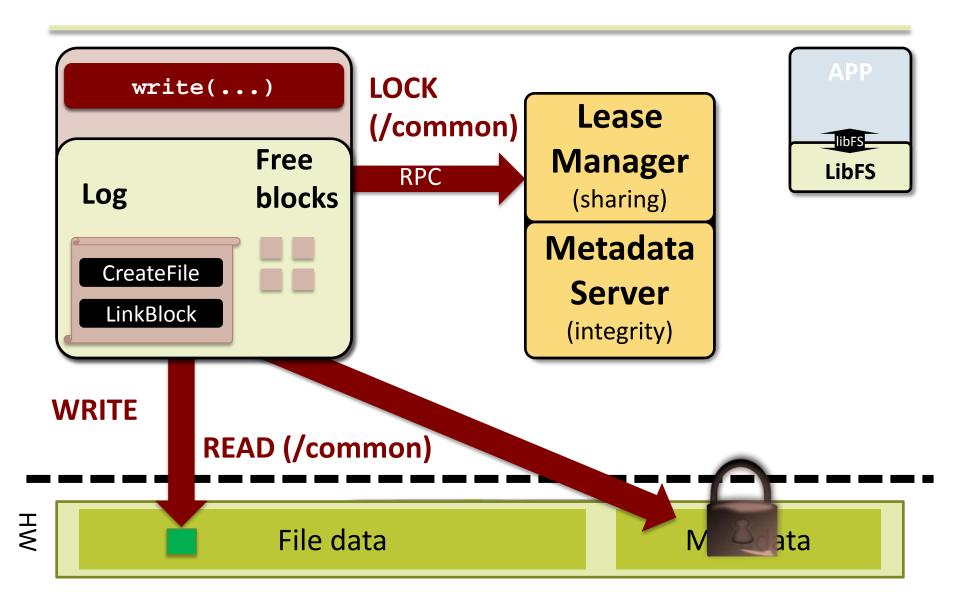
# Reducing communication: Hierarchical leases + Batching



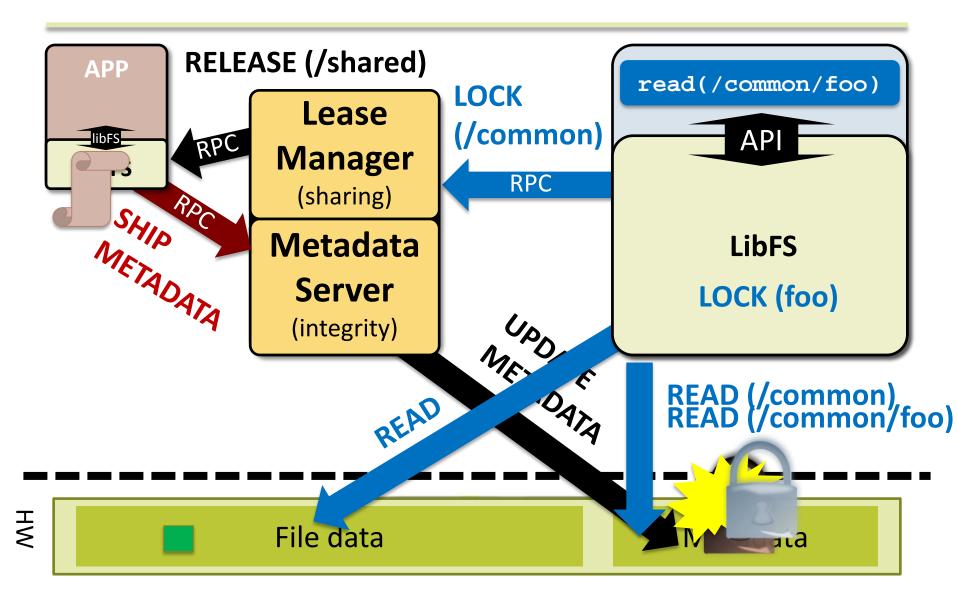
## **Prototype Implementation**

- Extent API by Linux 3.2.2 x86-64 kernel modifications
- Communication via loopback RPC
- Crash consistency through
  - x86 CLFLUSH instruction (cache line flush)
  - Redo logging
- SCM emulation using DRAM

#### **Example: A shared file**



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## **File Systems**

#### **Functionality: PXFS**

- POSIX interface: open/read/write/unlink
- Hierarchical namespace
- POSIX concurrency semantics
- File byte streams

## **File Systems**

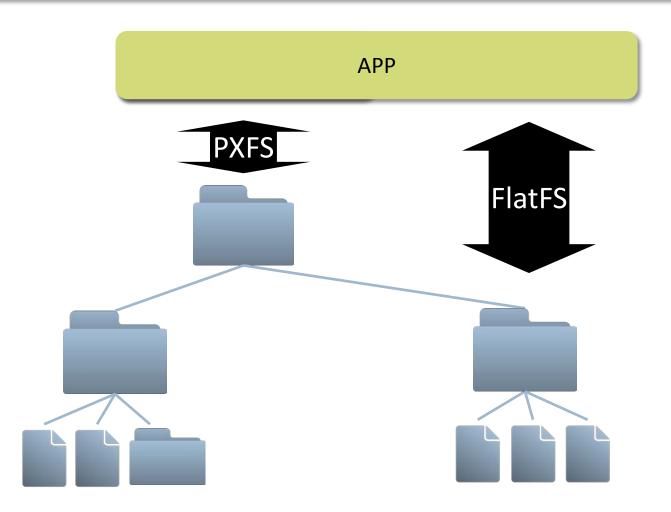
#### **Functionality: PXFS**

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#### **Optimization:** FlatFS

- Key-value interface: put/get/erase
- Flat namespace
   Simplifies name resolution
- KV-store concurrency semantics
  - Reduce in-memory state
- Short, immutable files
  - Simplify storage allocation

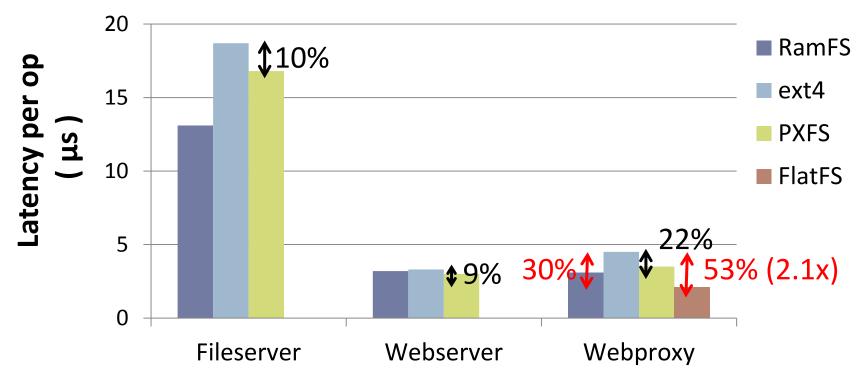
#### **File Systems**



### **Performance Evaluation**

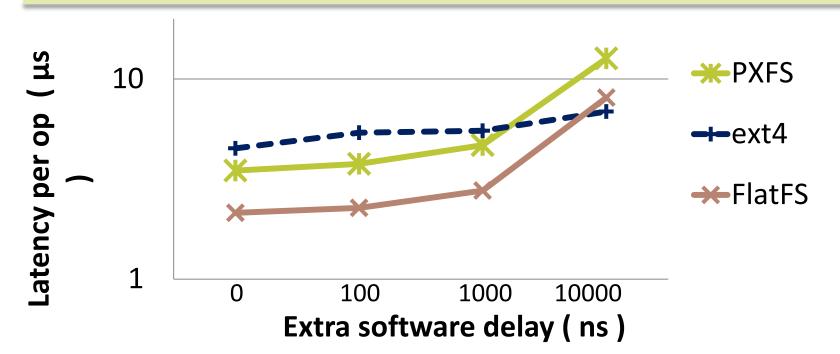
- Performance model
  - Writes to DRAM + software created delay
  - Reads to DRAM
- Configurations
  - RamFS: In-memory kernel FS
  - Ext4: ext4fs + RAM-disk
  - LibFS: PXFS and FlatFS
- Filebench workloads: Fileserver, Webserver, Webproxy

## **Application-workload performance**



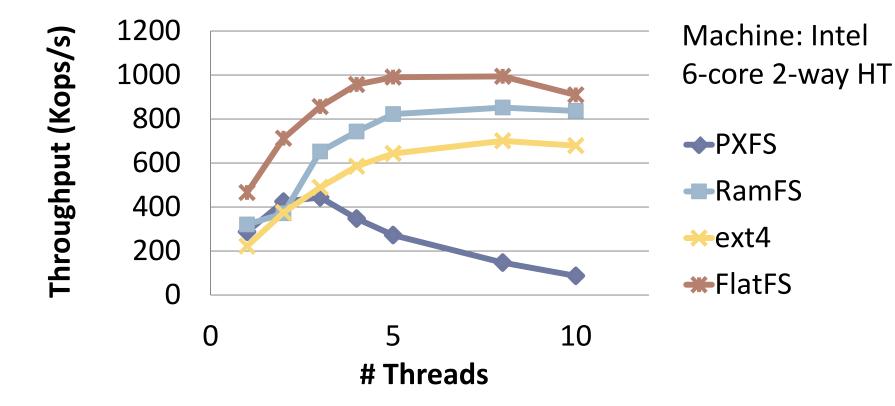
- PXFS performs better than kernel-mode FS
- FlatFS exploits app semantics to improve performance

# Sensitivity to SCM performance: Webproxy



- Shorter SCM latencies favor
  - Direct access via load/store instructions
  - Interface specialization

### **Scalability: Webproxy**



• FlatFS retains its benefits over kernel-mode file systems

#### Conclusion

• Software interface overheads handicap fast SCM

• Flexible interface is a must for fast SCM

- Aerie: Library file systems help remove generic overheads for higher performance
  - FlatFS improves performance by up to 110%

#### Thank you! Questions?