

Efficient Data Tiering in GlusterFS

RAFI

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About me



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□ Gluster-rdma, Gluster-snapshot, Gluster-tiering.



Agenda



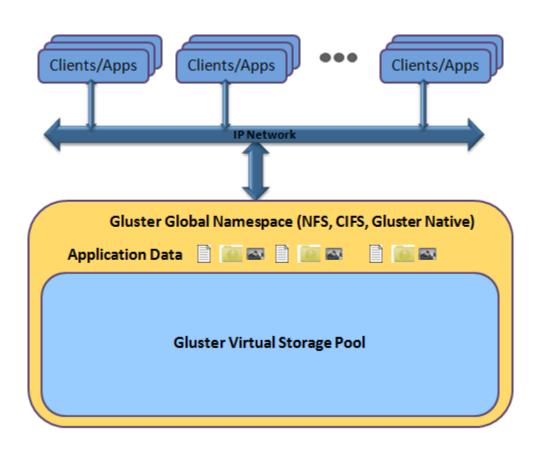
- Quick GlusterFS Overview
- Data Tiering
- GlusterFS Data Tiering
- Detailed Implementation
- Interesting problems solved
- Indexing techniques in other Tier cache





What is GlusterFS





Distributed File System

Software Define NAS

TCP/IP or RDMA

Native Client, SMB, NFS





Automated Data Tiering



- A logical volume composed of diverse storage units
 - Fast / slow
 - Secure / nonsecure
 - Expired hold time / expired
 - compressed / uncompressed,
 - Cloud expensive elastic storage / cheap
 - □ Etc.
- Data moves automatically across tieres
- Efficient use of different storage tieres





GlusterFS – Data Tiering



- ■Two Tiers
 - HOT and COLD
 - □Fa\$t SSD, slow HDD
- □Fast 2X replicated, slow erasure coded
- □ Files will be moved across HOT and COLD tiers

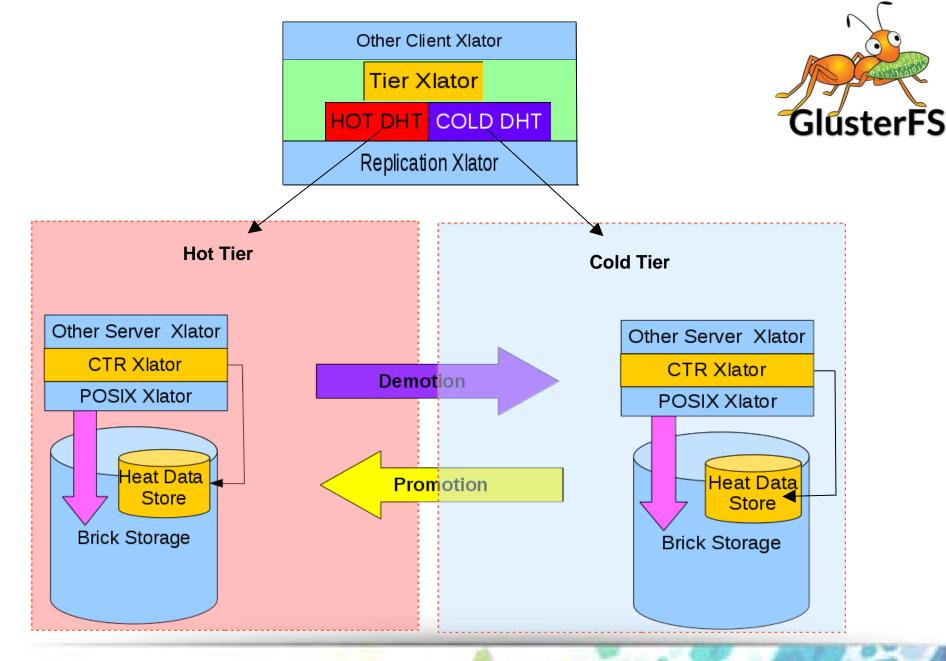


Policies for Smart Migration



- □ File size
- □Access rate
- Migration frequency
- ■Water mark
- ■Break files into chunks
 - Gluster "sharding" feature









Challenges in Data maintenance



Data Maintenance has a overhead on CPU, Memory, Storage, Network.. Therefore..

Fast Search

Rich Metadata

Distribute

Load balancing

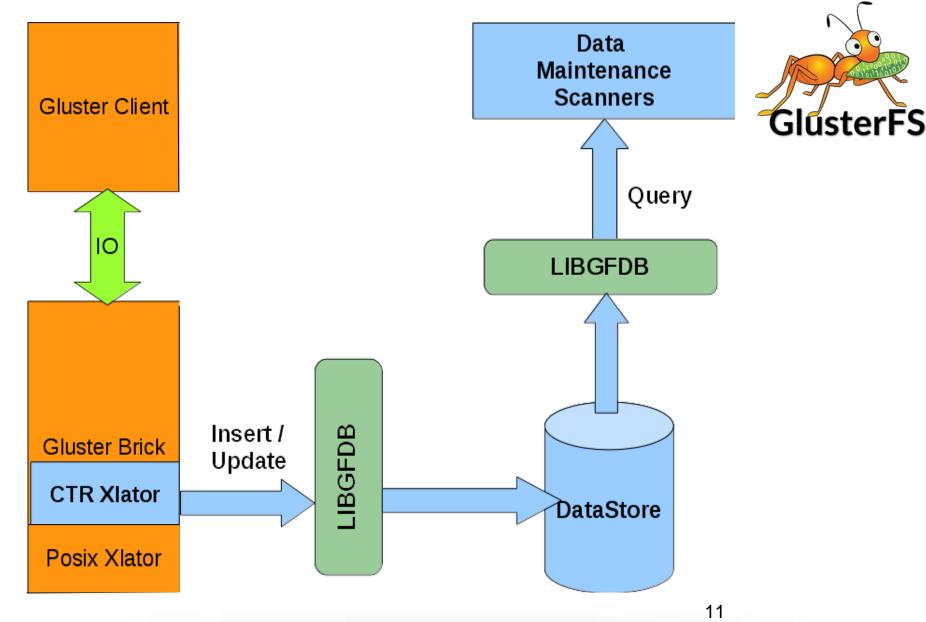


Implementation



- Change Time Recorder
- Libgfdb
- ■Migration Daemon







LibgfDB



- □ API Abstraction
- □ Rich Search Filters
- □ Performance optimization options



Optimized DB for GlusterFS



" Record now, consume later"

- Database optimized to record fast
- ■Good Querying Capabilities
- Embedded Database



Datastore Optimization: Sqlite3

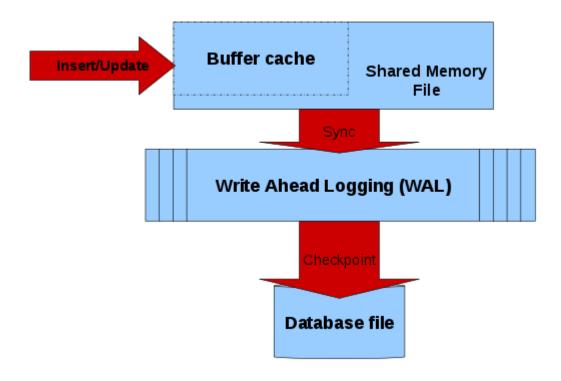


- PRAGMA page_size: Align page size
- PRAGMA cache_size: Increased cache size
- PRAGMA journal_mode: Change to WAL
- PRAGMA wal_autocheckpoint : Less often autocheck
- PRAGMA auto_vacuum : Set to NONE



DataStore Optimization: Sqlite3







Problems we solved



- □DB updates can be expensive
- DB query may have scalability problems
- Durability (ACID semantics) is expensive



Indexes for Tiered Cache

	Advantages	Disadvantages Glust
Hash (DM cache)	Predictable	Grow/shrink
Database (Gluster)	Easier implementation, Flexible, Rich Metadata, Precision	Opaque, space inefficient, Performance optimizations
Bloom Filter (Ceph)	Space efficient	No metadata. Collisions, Counters

Credit : Dan Lambright



Resources



Feature Page

http://blog.gluster.org/2016/03/automated-tiering-in-gluster/

Gluster Github:

https://github.com/gluster/glusterfs





THANK YOU

Q&A