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## f4: Facebook's Warm BLOB Storage System [OSDI 2014]

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Facebook



BLOBs@FB

**Profile Photo** 

Diverse

A LOT of them!!



🖒 19,372 🗊 957 🗊 860 Shares

#### Facebook PHOTO growth







**Replication:** 

\* 3 = 3.6

### Handling load



### Background: Data serving

CDN protects storage

Router abstracts storage

Web tier adds business logic



### Background: Haystack [OSDI2010]

Volume is a series of BLOBs

In-memory index









- Reed Solomon (10, 4) is used in practice (1.4X)
- Tolerates 4 racks ( $\rightarrow$  4 disk/host ) failures

#### Reads



- 2-phase: Index read returns the exact physical location of the BLOB

#### Reads under cell-local failures



Cell-Local failures (disks/hosts/racks) handled locally

### Reads under datacenter failures (2.8X)



## Cross datacenter XOR (1.5 \* 1.4 = 2.1X)



## Reads with datacenter failures (2.1X)



## Haystack v/s f4 2.8 v/s f4 2.1

	Haystack with 3 copies	f4 2.8	f4 2.1
Replication	3.6X	<b>2.8X</b>	2.1X
Irrecoverable Disk Failures	9	10	10
Irrecoverable Host Failures	3	10	10
Irrecoverable Rack failures	3	10	10
Irrecoverable Datacenter failures	3	2	2
Load split	<b>3X</b>	2X	1X



- What and how much data is "warm"?

- Can f4 satisfy throughput and latency requirements?

#### Methodology

- CDN data: 1 day, 0.5% sampling

- BLOB store data: 2 week, 0.1%

Random distribution of BLOBs assumed

- The worst case rates reported

#### Hot and warm divide



#### It is warm, not cold



#### f4 Performance: Most loaded disk in cluster

![](_page_22_Figure_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_23_Figure_0.jpeg)

## **Concluding Remarks**

Facebook's BLOB storage is big and growing

- BLOBs cool down with age
  - ~100X drop in read requests in 60 days

- Haystack's 3.6X replication over provisioning for old, warm data.

f4 encodes data to lower replication to 2.1X

## 

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