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# STORAGE DEVELOPER CONFERENCE

## Let's Manage "NVMe over Fabrics"

Slawek Putyrski

Principal Engineer Intel Corporation



#### Let's use NVMe

**NVMe Refresher** 



# **About NVM Express (The Technology)**

■ NVM Express (NVMe<sup>™</sup>) is an open collection of standards and information to fully expose the benefits of non-volatile memory in all types of computing environments from mobile to data center

#### **NVM Express Base Specification**

The register interface and command set for PCI Express attached storage with industry standard software available for numerous operating systems. NVMe™ is widely considered the defacto industry standard for PCIe SSDs.

#### NVM Express Management Interface (NVMe-MI™) Specification

The command set and architecture for out of band management of NVM Express storage (i.e., discovering, monitoring, and updating NVMe<sup>™</sup> devices using a BMC).

#### NVM Express Over Fabrics (NVMe-oF™) Specification

The extension to NVM Express that enables tunneling the NVM Express command set over additional transports beyond PCle. NVMe over Fabrics™ extends the benefits of efficient storage architecture at scale in the world's largest data centers by allowing the same protocol to extend over various networked interfaces.



#### **NVMe**

- Specification for SSD access via PCI Express (PCIe)
- High parallelism and low latency SSD access
- New modern command set with Administrative vs. I/O command separation (control path vs. data path)
- Full support for NVMe for all major OS (Linux, Windows, ESX etc.)

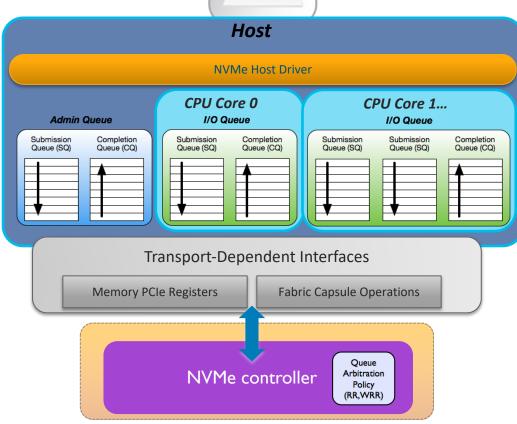






## **NVMe Multi-Queue Interface**

- I/O Submission and Completion Queue Pairs are aligned to Host CPU Cores
  - Independent per-queue operations
  - No inter-CPU locks on command Submission or Completion
  - Per Completion Queue Interrupts enables source core interrupt steering



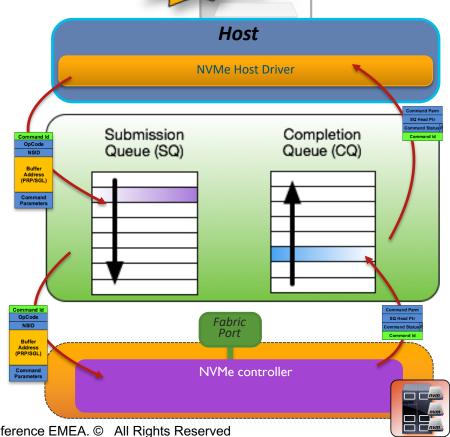


## **NVMe Multi-Queue Interface**

- Host Driver enqueues the SQE into the SQ
- NVMe Controller dequeues SQE
- NVMe Controller enqueues CQE into the CQ
- Host Driver dequeues CQE

This queuing functionality is always present... ... but **where** this takes place can differ





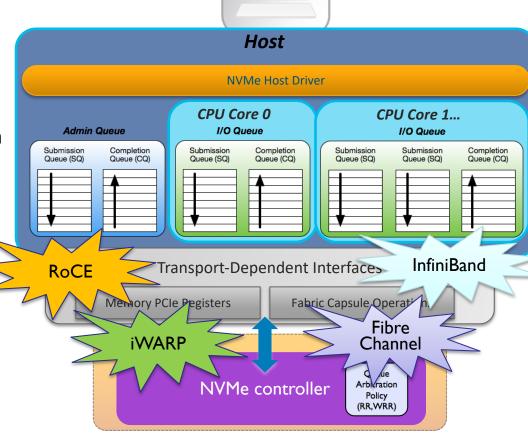
#### Let's do it over Fabric

**NVMe-oF Refresher** 



# Why NVMe over Fabrics?

- NVMe Functionalities supported
  - Multi-queue model
  - Low latency access
  - Multipathing capabilities built-in
- Optimized NVMe System
  - Same Architecture regardless of transport
  - Extends efficiencies across fabric
- Network Storage
  - Efficient sharing
  - Workload migration support
  - Better capacity utilization





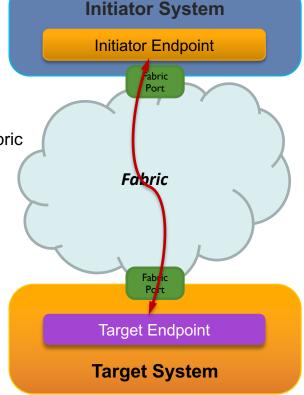
## Lets' Manage Fabric

**NVMe over Fabrics Management** 



## **Logical Fabric Management**

- Management Points
  - Initiator System
  - Target System
  - Fabric
- □ Fabric Endpoint
  - Logical representation of physical device(s) accessible through fabric
  - Uniquely identified across fabric instance
  - Contains all information necessary for establishing connections
- Fabric Type independent management model
  - Port-based fabrics (e.g. PCle)
  - Addressable fabrics (e.g. TCP/IP)
- Connection over Fabric
  - Initiator needs Target Endpoints Data
  - Target needs Initiator Endpoints Data





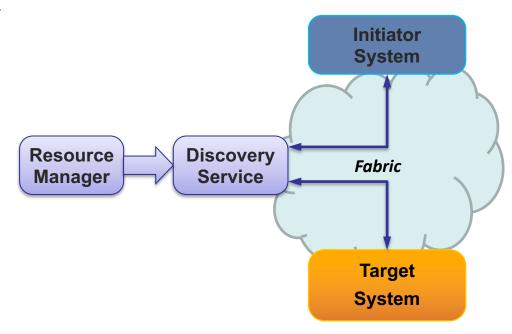
#### **NVMe Over Fabrics**

Management points Initiator Endpoint – Compute System HW or SW Initiator Target Endpoint – NVM Subsystem(s) or Namespace(s) **Endpoint** Fabric (Optional) Initiator configuration Initiator Identifier (NQN) Transport Information (e.g. Protocol, Address) Resource Fabric Port (e.g. Ethernet Interface) **Fabric** Manager Represented Device (e.g. Computer System) Target configuration Target Identifier (NQN) Transport Information (e.g. Protocol, Address) Fabric Port (e.g. Ethernet Interface) **Target** Represented Device (e.g. NVM Subsystem or Namespaces) **Endpoint** 



## **Discovery Service**

- Optional Service simplifying NVMe over Fabrics Management
  - Distributed vs. Centralized
- Well Known Service Identifier
  - Defined by NVMe over Fabrics specification
  - Not required to be configured
- Supports various fabric protocols
  - TCP/IP, RDMA
- Persistent discovery service
  - NVMe-oF 1.0 one-time action
  - NVMe-oF 1.1 persistent service





## Let's Go "Fishing"

**Redfish and Swordfish** 



## **Management Standards**

- Redfish ®
  - DMTF Infrastructure Management Standard
  - Hierarchical Management Model with JSON structures and OData Schemas
  - Secure REST API separating management model from transport (https)
  - IPMI Successor
    - □ Extended Management Scope
- Swordfish
  - SNIA Storage Management Standard
  - Uses and Extends Redfish Management Model
  - Focuses on Storage Management
    - □ Logical Storage (Block, Object, File)
    - Storage Quality of Services



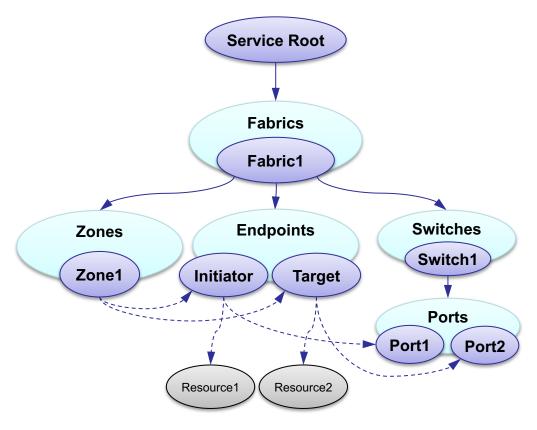






## **Fabric Management Model**

- Fabric
  - Configuration Umbrella
  - Defines Fabric Type (PCIe, Fiber Channel, iSCSI, NVMe-oF, etc.)
- Switches
  - Fabric Infrastructure configuration (Switches, Ports, etc.)
- Endpoints
  - Represent Resources within Fabric domain
  - Contains identification and access information
- Zones
  - Defines connectivity boundaries and access rules between endpoints





## **Initiator Endpoint**

- Identifier NQN
- Role Initiator
- Device Type Computer System
- Fabric Port Ethernet Interface in initiator computer system
- Transport Protocol RoCEv2 RDMA
- Fabric Address IP Address / Port
- Represented Device Link



```
"@Redfish.Copyright": "Copyright 2014-2019 DMTF. All rights reserved."
"@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/Fabrics/NVMe-oF/Endpoints/Initiator1",
"@odata.type": "#Endpoint.vl_4_0.Endpoint",
"Id": "Initiatorl",
"Name": "NVMe-oF initiator 1",
"Description": "NVMe-oF initiator implemented by the computer system",
"EndpointProtocol": "NVMeOverFabrics",
"Identifiers": [
          "DurableName": "host.corp.com:nvme:nvm-subsys-sn-4635",
          "DurableNameFormat": "NON'
          "EntityType": "RootComplex",
          "EntityRole": "Initiator",
          "EntityLink":
               "@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/Systems/1"
          "EntityType": "NetworkController",
          "EntityRole": "Initiator",
          "EntityLink":
               "@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/Systems/1/EthernetInterface/1"
          "TransportProtocol": "RoCEv2",
          "IPv4Address": {
               "Address": "10.3.5.131"
          "Port": 13244
```

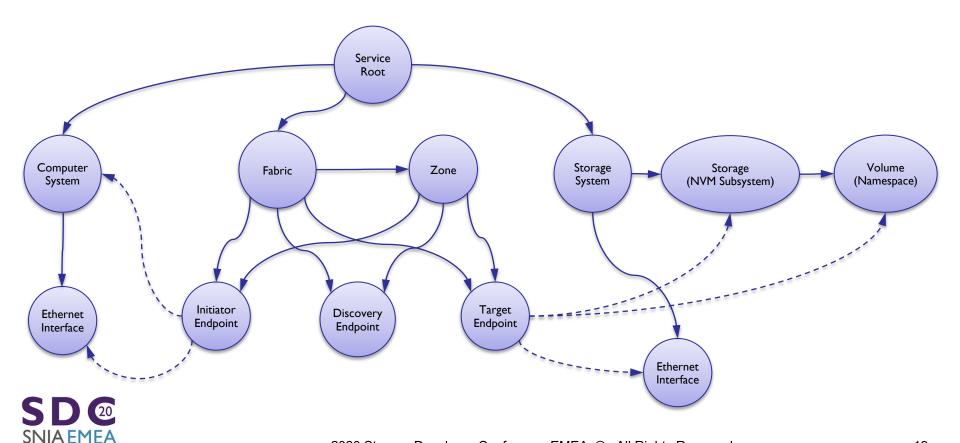
## **Target Endpoint**

- Identifiers NQN
- Role Target
- Device Type Volume (Namespace)
- Fabric Port Ethernet Interface in target storage system
- Transport Protocol RoCEv2
   RDMA
- Fabric Address IP address / port
- Represented Device Link

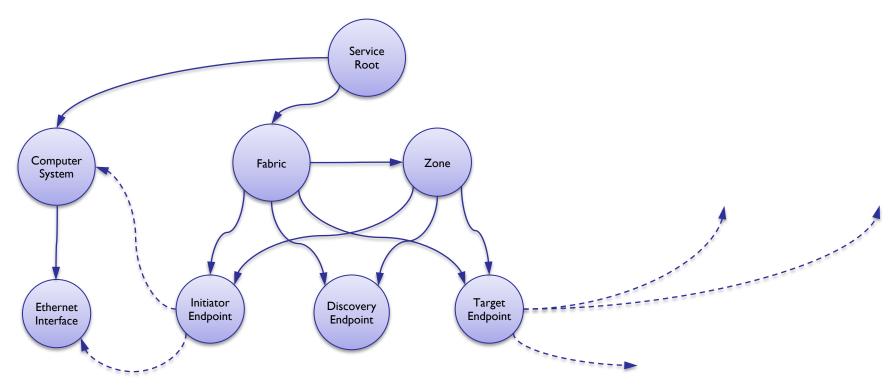


```
"@Redfish.Copyright": "Copyright 2014-2019 DMTF. All rights reserved.", "@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/Fabrics/NVMe-oF/Endpoints/Target1",
"@odata.type": "#Endpoint.v1_4_0.Endpoint",
"Name": "NVMe-of target 1",
"EndpointProtocol": "NVMeOverFabrics",
"Identifiers":
         "DurableName": "nqn.corp.com:nvme:nvm-subsys-sn-5381",
"DurableNameFormat": "NQN"
         "EntityType": "Volume",
"EntityRole": "Target",
          "EntityLink": {
               "@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/StorageSystems/1/Storage/NVMeSubsystem/Volumes/1
         "EntityType": "NetworkController",
         "EntityRole": "Target",
               "@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/StorageSystems/1/EthernetInterface/1"
"IPTransportDetails":
         "TransportProtocol": "RoCEv2",
         "IPv4Address": {
               "Address": "10.3.5.132"
          "Port": 13244
```

## **NVMe-oF Management Model**

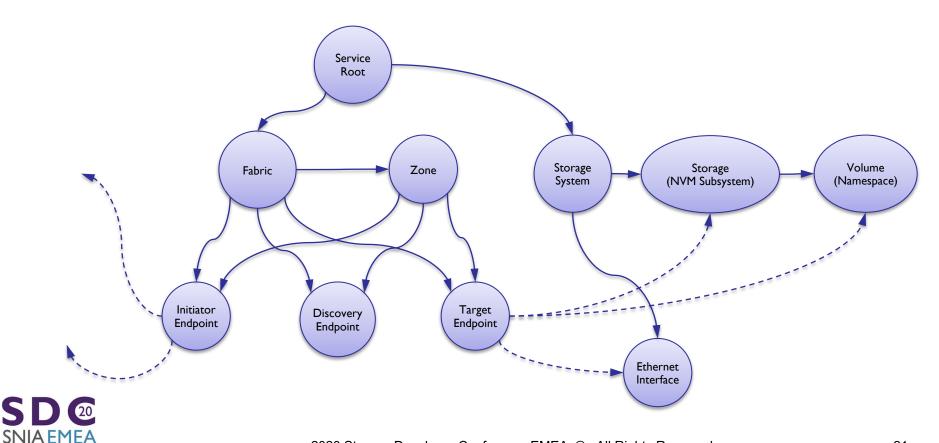


## **NVMe-oF Initiator Configuration**

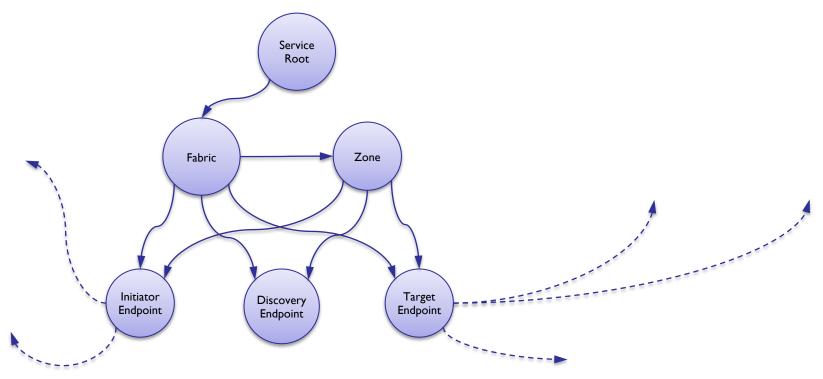




## **NVMe-oF Target Configuration**



# **NVMe-oF Discovery Service Config**







## **Questions?**

