

File Data Reduction

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SNIA Emerald™ Training

*SNIA Emerald™ Power Efficiency
Measurement Specification*

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➤ Required data reduction steps

- ◆ Extract the data from text or CSV file from sFlowtool
 - › Cut and past the IF_(index) from the text file
 - › Extract the data from the CSV file (need to use `-4 -L`)
- ◆ Convert sFlow data into MiB/s with time stamps
- ◆ Identify the workload start and stop time stamps
 - › Can use tag2014
- ◆ Combine the sFlow and power data
- ◆ Use linear interpolation on sFlow data to match power meter
- ◆ Generate 30 Metric points (MiB/s/W)

Validation and Metric Generation

➤ Stability Validation

- ◆ test using the moving average
- ◆ test using the least fit squares

➤ Generate Metric

- ◆ average performance/average power across the 300 second period

Generate the MiB/s from sFlow data

- Align UTC time stamps with in bytes and out bytes counters
- Formulate the in byte/sec and out byte/sec
 - ◆ Difference between counters/ difference between sample UTC times
- Add in byte/sec and out byte/sec for total bytes/sec
- Divide by 1048576 (MiB) to derive MiB/s

$$\frac{Counter_n - Counter_{n-1}}{UTC_n - UTC_{n-1}}$$

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	unixSecondsUTC	In Bytes	Out Bytes		In Byte/sec	Out Byte/Sec	Total Byte/sec	Total MiB/s
2	1519773493	62970113405447	93468768627092		(B3-B2)/(A3-A2)	(C3-C2)/(A3-A2)	E3+F3	G3/1048576
3	1519773503	62970113418972	93468768650965		1353	2387	3740	0.004
4	1519773513	62970113420700	93468768660429		173	946	1119	0.001
5	1519773523	62970113422236	93468768673146		154	1272	1425	0.001

Match sFlow time stamp to Power meter

➤ Need to convert unixSecondsUTC time into MS Excel time stamp

- ◆ Find the number of days since January 1, 1970
- ◆ Adjust to match power supply time zone

	A	B	C
1	unixSecondsUTC	UTC Time	MST Time
2		$((A/60)/60)/24)+DATE(1970,1,1)$	B3-(7/24)
3	1519773493	2/27/2018 23:18:13	2/27/2018 16:18:13
4	1519773503	2/27/2018 23:18:23	2/27/2018 16:18:23
5	1519773513	2/27/2018 23:18:33	2/27/2018 16:18:33
6	1519773523	2/27/2018 23:18:43	2/27/2018 16:18:43

Combine sFlow and Power Meter Data

- Combine the sFlow and Power Meter Data in spreadsheet
 - ◆ Use linear interpolation to align performance data to the power meter data

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
1	Sflow Time	sFlow Hour	sFlow Minute	sFlow Second	MiB/s									K3-D3	$E2 + ((D3 + N3 - D2) / (D3 - D2)) * (E3 - E2)$
2	7:30:27 PM	19	30	27	510.3698	Sample	Power Time	Power Hour	Power Minute	Power Second	Watts		Difference in Seconds	Linear Interpolation MiB/S	
3	7:30:37 PM	19	30	37	463.9902		0 7:30:33 PM	19	30	33	524		-4		482.542
4	7:30:47 PM	19	30	47	523.0991		1 7:30:43 PM	19	30	43	519		-4		499.456
5	7:30:58 PM	19	30	58	450.7144		2 7:30:53 PM	19	30	53	530		-5		483.617

Generate the metric samples

- Take the aligned performance data divided by power
- Generate 30 samples
 - ◆ 10 second sample rate over 300 seconds

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Sample	Power Time	Watts	Linear Interpolation MiB/s		SNIA Emerald File IO Metric MiB/s/W
2						D3/C3
3	0	7:30:33 PM	524	483		0.920
4	1	7:30:43 PM	519	499		0.963
5	2	7:30:53 PM	530	484		0.913

Validate using move average

- Need to generate Sample 0 (S0)
 - ◆ The average across all 30 samples
- Generate the moving average across the 30 sample
 - ◆ $S_n = M_n * w + (1-w) * S_{n-1}$
- Verify that all 30 points are with in $\pm 5\%$ of S0

	A	B	C	D	E
			S_n	Moving Average	% Change
1	Sample	Metric	Average(1:30)	$B4 * w + (1-w) * D3$	$(S_n - S_0) / S_0$
2	0	0.920	0.874		
3	1	0.963		0.883	1.02%
4	2	0.913		0.886	1.36%

Validate using least squares linear fit

◆ Find the Slope of M

◆ $Slope(M) = (\sum_{n=1}^k M_{N+n}(12n - 6K - 6))/(K(K - 1)(K + 1))$

◆ Find the Int(M)

◆ $Int(M) = (\sum_{n=1}^K M_{N+n})K - Slope(M)(K + 1)/2$

◆ Find Y sample 30 and sample 1

◆ $Y=n*Slope(M)+Int(M)$

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
			Slope Term	Slope M	Int	Y30	Y1	Difference
1	Sample	Metric	$B3*(12*A3-6*30-6)/(30*(30-1)*(30+1))$	sum(c3:C33)	AVERAGE(B4:B33)- (D3*((30+1)/2))	30*D3+E3	I*D3+E3	(F3-G3)/G3
2	0	0.920		0.000507286	0.866	0.881	0.867	1.70%
3	1	0.963	-0.006					
4	2	0.913	-0.005					

Compute metric

- Calculate the metric using the 30 points
 - ◆ Average(MiB/s)/Average(Power)

	A	B	C	D	E
1					Metric
2	Sample	Power Time	Linear Interpolation MiB/s	Watts	Average(C3:C33)/Average(D3:D33)
3	0	7:30:33 PM	483	524.45	0.875
4	1	7:30:43 PM	499	518.7	
5	2	7:30:53 PM	484	529.95	
6	3	7:31:03 PM	459	535.6	