

# Delivering Nanosecond-Class Persistent Storage

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# Storage Scaling Challenge

- Dramatic changes in Compute & Storage ahead
  - Cloud, Virtualization, Social Media, ...

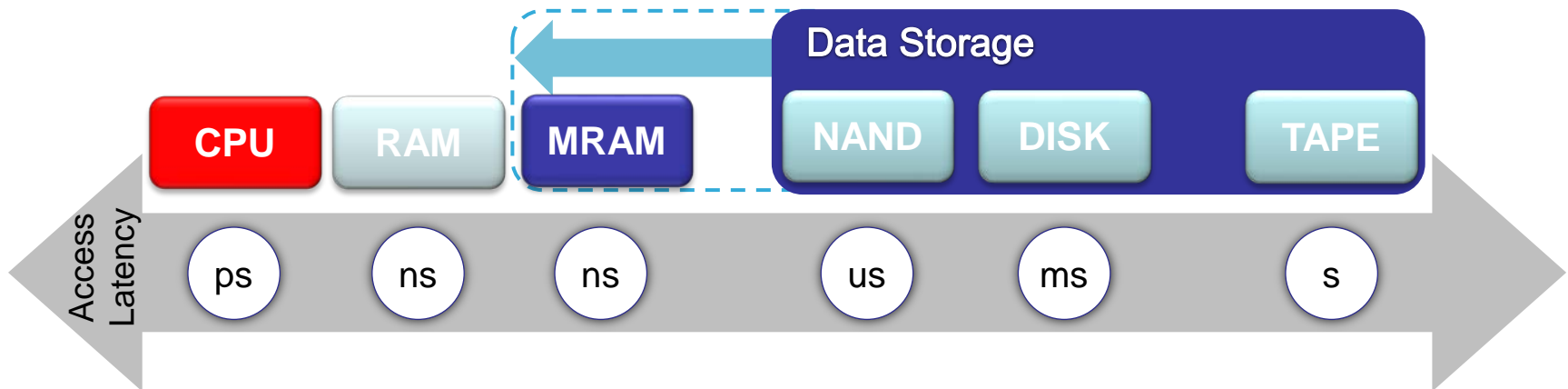


- Capacity & Performance Storage requirements exploding

***Need to bridge gap between CPU & Storage***

# The Latency Storage Revolution

MRAM, *Fastest non-volatile memory with unlimited endurance*  
combines memory & storage attributes:  
*Nanosecond-Class Persistent Storage*



Enables new architectures for CISC, RISC & ZISC

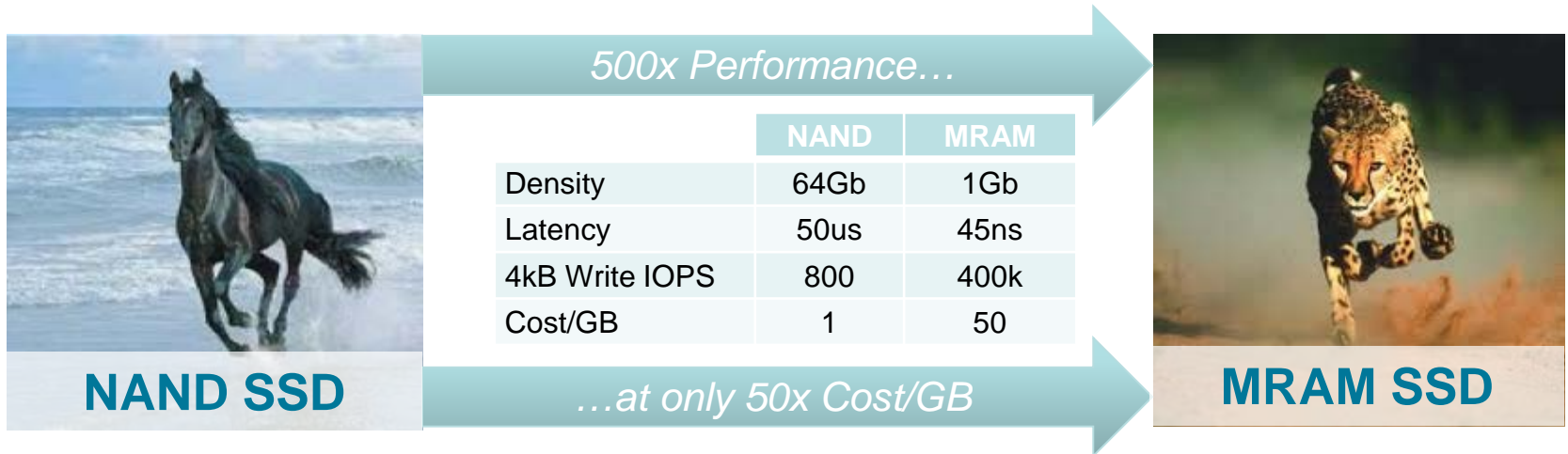
# ST-MRAM delivers 10x+ IOPS/\$

## Cloud Storage Needs:

- More content & users, instant access
- Better response times from storage
- Predictable balanced performance



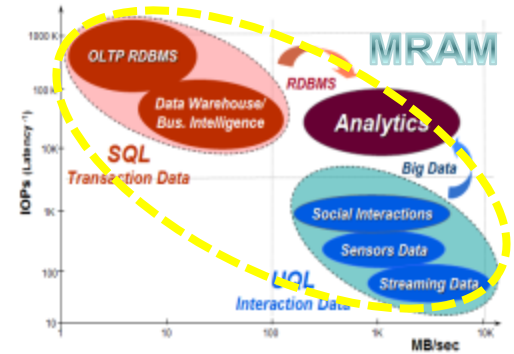
## Nanosecond-class MRAM Storage



# ST-MRAM delivers 100x+ IOPS/W

## Data Center needs:

- Number of servers & CPU cores exploding
- Better bandwidth & IOPS to handle Big Data
- More performance @ less power to scale up



## High Performance, Power-Efficient MRAM Storage



**NAND SSD**

500x Performance...

	NAND	MRAM
Density	64Gb	1Gb
Power	80mW	400mW
4kB Write IOPS	800	400k
Cost/GB	1	50

...at only 5x Power



**MRAM SSD**

# Ultra Low Latency Memories

- ❑ Three new low latency memories on horizon
  - ❑ Spin-Torque Magnetic RAM
    - ❑ Optimized for performance – targeting nvDRAM
  - ❑ Phase Change RAM
    - ❑ Optimized for read performance – targeting NOR
  - ❑ Resistive RAM
    - ❑ Optimized for capacity/cost – targeting NAND

*New system architectures required to fully take advantage of these new non-volatile memories*

# MRAM – Simplifying system design

- **Addressing a fundamental Problem of Storage:**
  - *Truly Non-Volatile RAM – Power Fail Data Protection*
  - *Eliminates complicated power fail management HW & FW*
  - *Reduces development time and effort for products*
  
- **Complementing DRAM and NAND**
  - *Making NAND perform better and last longer*
  - *MRAM for write caching, DRAM for read caching*
  - *More IOPS/\$ and better IOPS/Watt than NAND*



# 1<sup>st</sup> Gen MRAM Progress

- ❑ Async SRAM & (Q)SPI I/F
- ❑ 256kb to 16Mb density
- ❑ 20/10Mpcs+ (e)MRAM shipped
- ❑ Today: Enterprise & Industrial
- ❑ Future: Growth in Auto & High Rel.
- ❑ Usage: Metadata storage & log

*Broad deployment with exemplary quality*



**MRAM used as write journal for RAID Storage**  
*Power fail recovery increasing system reliability & uptime*



**Recognized Everspin for Perfect MRAM Quality**  
*250k+ systems with no reported failures to-date*



**Critical Storage for Industrial Computing Boards**  
*Robust & reliable non-volatile memory solution*



**MRAM products for A350 Flight Control Computer**  
*Critical program and data storage in extreme environment*



**Non-volatile memory for Superbike Engine Control**  
*Reliable power fail safe memory for automotive temperature*



**Storage & Networking**



**Energy & Infrastructure**



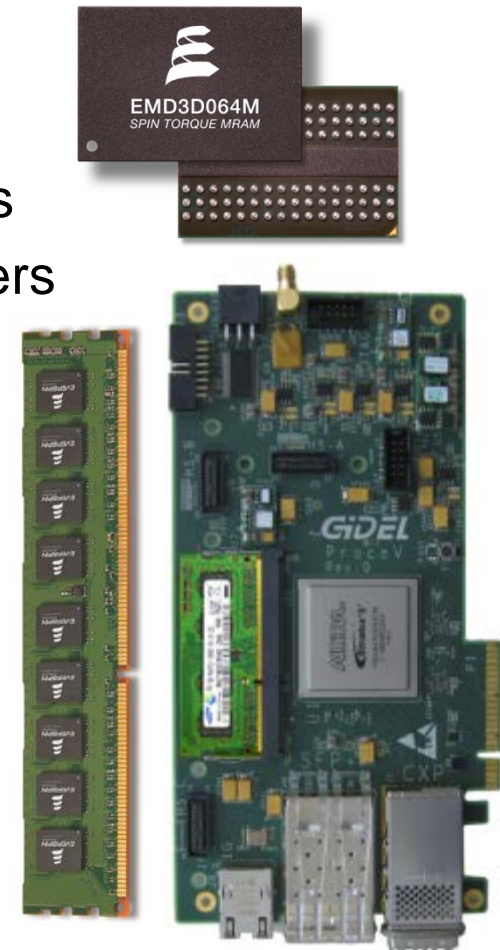
**Automotive & Transportation**





# 2<sup>nd</sup> Gen MRAM – ST-MRAM

- ❑ Targeted at persistent DRAM memory applications
- ❑ DDRx roadmap scaling from 64Mb to Gb densities
- ❑ Non-volatile Buffers & Caches for Storage Systems
- ❑ Initial use: Protecting data in flight & coalesce buffers
- ❑ Introduced initial product: 64Mb DDR3 ST-MRAM
- ❑ Delivered working samples to top OEMs
  - ❑ Evaluate & explore new system architectures
- ❑ Sampling DIMM modules for evaluation platform
  - ❑ 64MB and 128MB SO-uDIMMs and uDIMMs
- ❑ Developing PCIe FPGA eval platform
  - ❑ Close partnership with Altera and Gidel
  - ❑ PCIe Memory and Storage sub-system



# Storage Solutions craving ST-MRAM

## MRAM complements solid state & magnetic storage

*Improved response time due to low latency & high bandwidth*



MRAM as Buffer Memory  
MRAM instead of low density DRAM  
*Better performance & reliability*



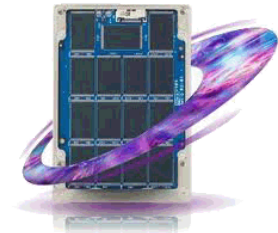
MRAM as I/O & Network Cache  
MRAM instead of NV-DRAM  
*Better reliability & overall TCO*



MRAM as Fast Storage-Tier  
MRAM in addition to SSD/HDD  
*Better IOPS/\$/W & reliability*

# MRAM in SSD, HDD and Hybrid

- ❑ Enterprise/Industrial SSD
  - ❑ NV-Buffer, 2-8MB Program Data Buffer
  - ❑ NV-Cache, 8-128MB Write Cache
  - ❑ Power Fail Safe, Write Buffer & Caching
- ❑ Hybrid HDD
  - ❑ NV-Buffer, 2-8MB Program Data Buffer
  - ❑ NV-Cache, 4-32MB Media Management
  - ❑ Power Fail Safe, High Performance Hybrid
- ❑ Enterprise HDD
  - ❑ NV-Buffer, 8-16MB, Media Write Caching
  - ❑ NV-Cache, 32-64MB Write Cache
  - ❑ Power Fail Safe, Write Caching

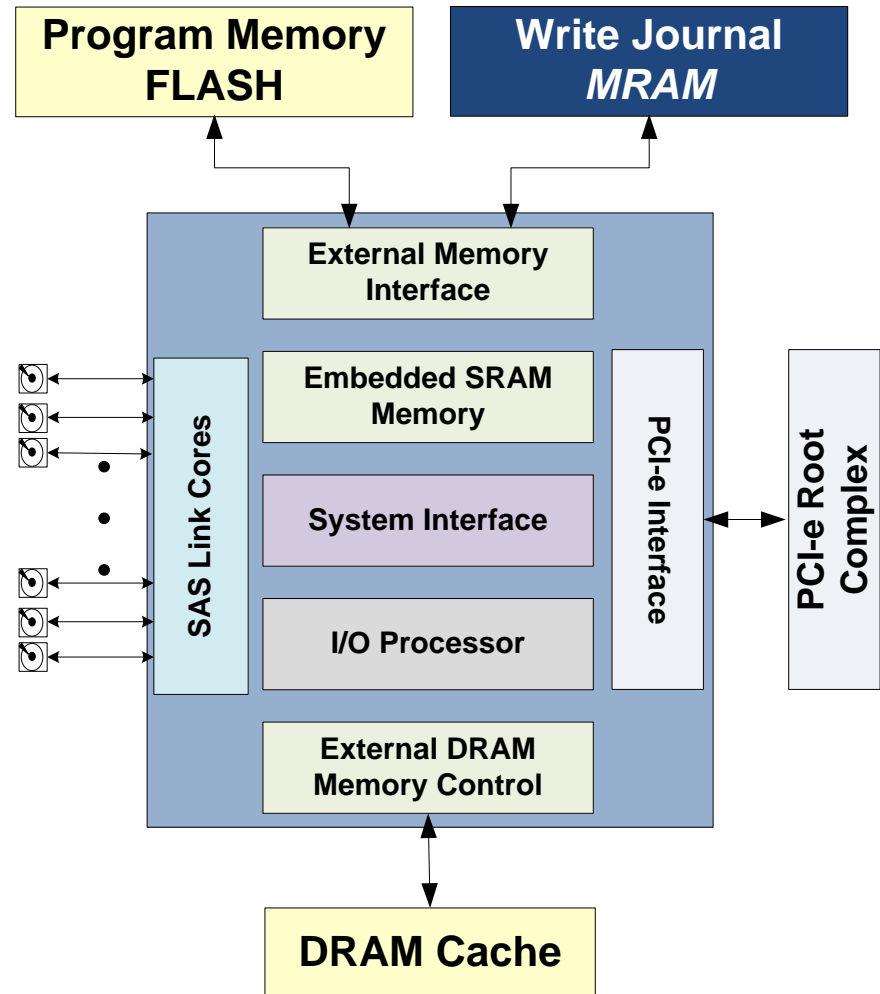


Source: Aggregate Industry Analyst Projections, October 2011

# Case Study: RAID – Dell & LSI

## Write Journal Memory for RAID Storage Systems

- Storing Metadata Transactions
- Rapid power loss data recovery
- Superior data integrity
- Fast transaction data log
- No separate board level discrete devices, batteries or capacitors



# Case Study: Solid State Drive

- ❑ Buffalo Memory announced a new Industrial SSD that uses Everspin MRAM for the cache.
  - ❑ Exhibited at the 15th Embedded Systems Expo in Japan
  - ❑ 4GByte SSD with 8MByte of MRAM cache
  
- ❑ “MRAMs are nonvolatile memories that use magnetic materials as elements and feature *high-speed random access*, high integration and *non-volatility*. There are three advantages in using MRAM as cache, compared with normal high-speed SSDs that use volatile DRAM as cache.”
  
- ❑ *MRAM unique value proposition:*
  1. *Excellent resistance to power interruption*
  2. *Improve booting speed*
  3. *Excellent power-saving capability*

Motoyuki Oishi, Nikkei Electronics



# Case Study All Flash Appliance

- ❑ The world's first all solid state storage appliance
  - ❑ MRAM replaces capacitor-backed RAM solution
  - ❑ Protecting data in flight through storage in MRAM



- ❑ Overwhelming customer interest for this product
  - ❑ Initial use of Toggle MRAM in lieu of Capacitor Backed SRAM
  - ❑ Transitioning to ST-MRAM in lieu of Capacitor Backed DRAM
  - ❑ MRAM density deployed growing from MB to GB

# Building the MRAM Ecosystem

- ❑ Increasing the awareness of MRAM's advantages
  - ❑ Versatile use as memory or storage device
  - ❑ Persistent memory architecture element
- ❑ Optimizing memory host controller ecosystem
  - ❑ Enable mixed use of MRAM combined with DRAM
  - ❑ Increase availability for FPGAs and SOC development
- ❑ MRAM BEOL manufacturing eco system
  - ❑ Establishment of volume manufacturing at 300mm
  - ❑ Improving availability and cost of BE processing
- ❑ Expanding MRAM market opportunities
  - ❑ Scaling to Gb densities yields exponential growth
  - ❑ Developing persistent memory optimized interface